MOTT'S
BEATE
RESTORATIVE
S OF IRON.

chic preparation of Iron purified
combustion in Hydrogen. Sanc-
ical Authorities, both in Europe
prescribed in their practice.
ands daily proves that no prepa-
pared with it. Impurities of the
energy, pale and otherwise sickly
necessity in almost every concei-

ffections, Emaciation, Dyspepsia,
Dysentery, Incipient Consumption,
Salt Rheum, Mismenstruation,
Complaints, Chronic Headaches,
Fevers, Pimples on the Face, &c.
bility, whether the result of acute
diminution of nervous and sanu-
complaints, one trial of this re-
sful to an extent which no de-
tation would render credible.—
n as to have become forgotten in
have suddenly re-appeared in the
med from a protracted travel in
signal instances of this kind are
s, emaciated victims of apparent
haustion, critical changes, and
s and dyspeptic aversion to air
physician has no name.
f all kinds, and for reasons fa-
peration of this preparation of
ulatory, for, unlike the old ox-
without being exciting and
egularly aperient, even in the
stiveness without ever being a
ing a disagreeable sensation.
among others, which makes it
permanent a remedy for *Piles*,
to exert a distinct and specific
al tendency which forms them-
se as are its causes, a single box
has often sufficed for the most
e attendant *Costiveness*.
even when advanced to Dysen-
, and apparently malignant,
decisive and astonishing.
flesh and strength, debilitating
which generally indicate Is-
medy has allayed the alarm
n several very gratifying and

this medicated iron has had
t of the most cautiously lai-
without any of their well-

annot be too confidently invi-
ative, in the cases peculiarly

nic and inflammatory—in the
ally—it has been invariably
ing the pain and reducing the
joints and muscles.
ust necessarily be a great re-
, and its progress in the new
probably be one of high re-

ered in the whole history of
prompt, happy, and fully re-
e, complete digestion, rapid
an unusual disposition for
mediately follow its use.
containing 50 pills, price 50
ggists and dealers. Will be
ipt of the price. All letters,
d to
CO., GENERAL AGENTS,
20 Cedar St., New York.

ERS

e in the praise of
ON'S
CORDIAL,
s to afford instantaneous re-
ts as if by magic, and *one*
t what we say is true. It

C OR OPIATE
ves by removing the suffer-
deadening its sensibilities,
self as the *only reliable* prep-
ING TEETHING, DIARRHŒA,
TS, ACIDITY OF THE STOM-
nd COLIC, also, for *soften-*
ation, regulating the Bowels,
T—being an *anti-spasmodic*
in all cases of CONVULSION
life and health of your
from those sad and blighting
reault from the use of nar-
for Infantile Complaints
SON'S INFANTILE CORDIAL,
ectly harmless, and can-
nt. Price, 25 cents. Full
e. Prepared only by
HURCH & DUPONT,
9 Broadway, New-York.

FOOD

ing
ZED
e essential elements, and
D. Analyze the Blood of
mption, Liver Complaint,
nd in *every instance* de-
of Blood. *Supply these*
ell. The BLOOD FOOD is
nce its astonishing suc-

LATIONS
he Blood in different dis-
RHŒA, or any affection
inducing CONSUMPTION,
DEPRESSION OF SPIRITS,
ONIC COMPLAINTS, arising
and NERVOUS PROSTRA-
, No. 3 for DYSPEPSIA.—
on it is TAKEN BY DROPS
rculation, so that what
for FEMALE IRREGULARI-
e special directions for
, SCROFULOUS, KIDNEY,
In all cases the di-
Price of the *Blood Food*
RCH & DUPONT,
Broadway, New-York.
a, and G. H. KEYSER,

urray, Hollidaysburg;
oughout the country.

E GAZETTE.—
and Criminals is in
irculated throughout
Great Trials, Criminal
the same, together with
not to be found in any

$1 for six months, to
uild write their names
— they reside plainly.)
ATSELL & CO.,
ork Police Gazette,
New York City.

and Trust Co.
500,000.
t., S. E. corner of

ENT, ALTOONA,
L MUTUAL RATES,
HOUT 20 PER CENT.
RATES, THE LOW-
WHILLDIN, *Pres't.*
Oct. 27th, 1859-1y.

Y MUTUAL
.—The undersigned,
surance Company, is
, or damage by fire,
Property of every
reasonable rates as
the Masonic Temple.
DEMAKER, *Agent.*

TNER,
NTIST.
SONIC TEM-
[Dec. 23, '58.-tf.

RE-
ssional
the ad-
fore oc-

ENTLEMEN
P. TROUT announ-
discharge his
[Jan. 2 '58.

Altoona Tribune.

McCRUM & DERN, [INDEPENDENT IN EVERYTHING.] EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

VOL. 5. ALTOONA, PA., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1860. NO. 33.

VALUABLE GIFTS WITH BOOKS
AT
GEORGE G. EVANS'
Original Gift Book Enterprise.
The largest in the world; permanently located at 439 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

SIXTH YEAR OF THE ENTERPRISE.

CARD.

Having purchased the spacious Iron Building, No. 439 Chestnut Street, and fitted it up with every convenience to facilitate my business, particularly that branch devoted to COUNTRY ORDERS; and having a larger capital than any other party invested in the business, I am now prepared to offer greater advantages and better gifts than ever to my customers.

I will furnish any book (of a moral character) published in the United States, the regular price of which is One Dollar or upwards, and give a present worth from 50 cents to $100 with each book, and guarantee to give perfect satisfaction, as I am determined to maintain the reputation already bestowed upon my establishment.

Strangers visiting Philadelphia are invited to call and judge for themselves. G. G. EVANS.

IF YOU WANT ANY BOOKS
SEND TO
GEORGE G. EVANS,
RELIABLE GIFT BOOK ENTERPRISE,
No 439 CHESNUT STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.

where all books are sold at the Publisher's prices, and you have the advantage of receiving a handsome present,

WORTH FROM 50 CENTS TO 100 DOLLARS WITH EACH BOOK.

GEO. G. EVANS' Original Gift Book Enterprise has been endorsed by the Book Trade and all the leading city and country papers in the United States.

GEO. G. EVANS' Punctual business transactions have received the approbation of over 6,000,000 citizens of the United States, each of whom have received substantial evidence of the advantages derived by purchasing books at this establishment.

GEO. G. EVANS Has done more than any other publisher or bookseller in the United States towards diffusing knowledge to the people. By this system many books are read that otherwise would not have found their way into the hands of readers.—*Frank Leslie's Newspaper.*

GEO. G. EVANS Keeps constantly on hand the most extensive stock, the greatest assortment of Books, and circulates free to all who may apply, the most most complete catalogue of Books and Gifts in the United States.

GEO. G. EVANS Has advantages offered by other publishers and manufacturers which enable him to furnish his patrons with a finer quality and better assortment of gifts than any other establishment.

GEO. G. EVANS Publishes nearly Two Hundred Popular and interesting Books, therefore, as a publisher, he is better able to offer extra premiums and commissions.

GEO. G. EVANS Guarantees perfect satisfaction to all who may send for books.

GEO. G. EVANS' New classified catalogue of books embrace the writings of every standard author in every department of literature, and gives all the information relative to the purchasing and forwarding by Mail or Express of books ordered from his establishment, together with full directions how to remit money.

GEO. G. EVANS' Catalogue of Books will be sent gratis and free of expense to any address in the United States.

GEO. G. EVANS' Inducements to Agents cannot be surpassed. The most liberal commissions are offered, and by soliciting subscriptions to books in the manner proposed 20 books can be sold in the same time that it would take to sell one on the old fashioned subscription plan. Send for a classified Catalogue, and every information will be given in reference to agencies. Select your books, enclose the amount of money required, and one trial will satisfy you that the best place in the country to purchase books is at

THE EXTENSIVE
GIFT BOOK ESTABLISHMENT
OF
GEO. G. EVANS,
No. 439 Chestnut Street, Phila.

WHERE YOU CAN GET BOOKS OF ALL KINDS!!!!!

Books of Fact!
Books of Fiction!
Books of Devotion!
Books of Amusement!
Books for the Old Folks!
Books for the Young Folks!
Books for Husbands!
Books for Wives!
Books for Lovers!
Books for Sweethearts!
Books for Boys!
Books for Girls!
Books of Humor!
Books of Poetry!
Books of Travel!
Books of History!
Books of Biography!
Books of Adventure!
Books about Sailors!
Books about Soldiers!
Books about Indians!
Books about Hunters!
Books about Heroes!
Books about Patriots!
Books for Farmers!
Books for Mechanics!
Books for Merchants!
Books for Physicians!
Books for Lawyers!
Books for Statesmen!
Bibles!
Presentation Books!
Prayer Books!
Hymn Books!
Juvenile Books!
Annuals!
Albums, etc., etc.
CECIL B. HARTLEY'S Interesting Biographies!
REV. J. INGRAHAM'S Scriptural Romances!
SMUCKER'S Lives of Patriots and Statesmen!
J. T. LAUKEN'S Revolutionary Stories!
T. S. ARTHUR'S Popular Tales!
DR. ALCOTT'S Family Doctor!
MRS. HENTZ'S Novels!
MRS. SOUTHWORTH'S Novels!
COOPER'S Novels!
DICKENS' Novels!
WAVERLEY Novels!
IRVING'S Works!

All the writings of every standard author in every department of literature, in every style of binding, at the publisher's lowest prices, and remember that you pay no more then you would at any other establishment, and you have the advantage of receiving an elegant Present, which oftentimes is worth a hundred fold more than the amount paid for the book.

SEND FOR A CLASSIFIED CATALOGUE OF BOOKS.

Order any book that you may want, remit the retail price, together with the amount required for postage, and one trial will assure you that the best place in the country to purchase books is at the Gift Book Establishment of

GEORGE G. EVANS,
Originator of the Gift Book Enterprise,
No. 439 CHESTNUT STREET,
Philadelphia.

AGENTS WANTED,
To whom greater inducements than ever are offered.

Any person, either male or female, who is desirous of engaging in an

HONORABLE AND PROFITABLE BUSINESS,
Requiring but little time and no outly of money, and by which they can obtain gratis

A Valuable Library,
A Fine Gold Watch and Chain,
A Handsome Service of Plate,
An Elegant Silk Dress Pattern,
A Splendid Set of Jewelry,

Or any other choice articles enumerated in the List of Gifts can do so by acting as an Agent for this establishment.

Any person, in any part of the country, can be an Agent simply by forming a club, sending a list of Books, and remitting the amount of money required for the same. Send for a catalogue, which contains all the desired information relative to agencies and the formation of clubs; and to insure prompt and honorable dealings, address all orders to

THE HEAD QUARTERS OF
GEORGE G. EVANS,
PROPRIETOR OF THE OLDEST AND
LARGEST GIFT BOOK ENTERPRISE
IN THE WORLD,
Permanently located at No. 439 Chestnut Street, Philada.
Sept 6, 1860.-6m.

THE ALTOONA TRIBUNE.

McCRUM & DERN, Publishers and Proprietors.

Per annum, (payable invariably in advance,) $1.50
All papers discontinued at the expiration of the time paid for.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

	1 insertion	2 do.	3 do.
Four lines or less,	$ 25	$ 37½	$ 50
One square, (8 lines,)	50	75	1 00
Two " (16 ")	1 00	1 50	2 00
Three " (24 ")	1 50	2 00	2 50

Over three weeks and less than three months, 25 cents per square for each insertion.

	3 months.	6 months.	1 year.
Six lines or less,	$ 1 50	$ 3 00	$ 5 00
One square,	2 50	4 00	7 00
Two "	4 00	6 00	10 00
Three "	5 00	8 00	12 00
Four "	6 00	10 00	14 00
Half a column,	10 00	14 00	20 00
One column,	14 00	25 00	40 00

Administrators and Executors Notices, 1 75
Merchants advertising by the year, three squares, with liberty to change, 10 00
Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding 8 lines with paper, per year, 5 00
Communications of a political character or individual interest will be charged according to the above rates.
Advertisements not marked with the number of insertions desired, will be continued till forbid and charged according to the above terms.
Business notices five cents per line for every insertion.
Obituary notices exceeding ten lines, fifty cents a square.

Select Poetry.

HOME'S HARMONY.

The lark may sing her sweetest song,
As, rising from the waving corn,
On soaring wings she skims along,
To welcome in the rising morn;
Her sweetest song is naught to me,
Compared to home's sweet harmony.

Deep in the woods the nightingale,
At midnight hour may tune her lay,
May pour upon the listening vale
Her loveliest streams of melody;
Lovely her midnight lay may be,
But lovelier home's sweet harmony.

Sweet are the songsters of the spring,
And of the summer's sunny days
And autumn's feathered warblers sing
In rapturous strains their sweetest lays;
Lovely the songs of bower and tree,
But lovelier home's sweet harmony.

But O, what cheers the winter night,
When all around is dark and gloom,
When feathered songsters take their flight,
Or fill a gloomy little tomb!
'Tis such hours as these that we
Prize most our home's sweet harmony.

O, when dark clouds above us lower,
And life's drear winter o'er us comes,
'Tis then we feel your magic power,
Ye songsters of our hearts and homes;
For soon the lowering clouds do flee,
From out dear home's sweet harmony.

Select Miscellany.

THE DOG AND THE ASSASSIN.

BY MRS. C. A. SOULE.

While traveling in 1857, through the beautiful city of Leipzig, I observed, about a half a league from the gate of the town, a few rods from the highway, a wheel and the bones of a chained corpse exposed to the gaze of every passer.

The following is the history of that criminal, as I learned it from the Judge who conducted the trial, and condemned him to be broken alive:

A German butcher being benighted in the midst of a forest lost his way, and while endeavoring to find the road was attacked by highwaymen. He was on horseback and accompanied by a large dog. One of the robbers seized the horse by the bridle, while the two others dragged the butcher from his saddle and felled him. The dog immediately leaped upon one of them and strangled him; but the other wounded the animal so severely that he rushed into the woods uttering the most fearful howls. The butcher, who by this time had disengaged himself from the grasp of the second robber, drew his knife and killed him. But at the same moment he received a shot from the third one who had just wounded the dog, and falling, was dispatched by the thief, who found upon him a large sum of gold, a silver watch and a few other articles of value. He plundered the corps leaped upon the horse and fled.

The next morning two wood cutters happening in that path, were surprised to find three dead bodies and a large dog who seemed to be guarding them. They examined them and endeavored to restore life, but in vain.

One of them dressed the wounds of the dog, gave him some food and fought some water for him, while the other hastened to the nearest village of the discovery. The officer accompanied by several attendants, was soon on the spot; a surgeon examined the wounds of the three bodies; they drew up a verbal process and interred them.

The dog had dragged himself, in the course of the night, when all was quiet, to the corpse of his master, where he was the next morning. He allowed his new friends to dress his wounds, as if forseeing that he must consent to live that he might one day avenge the murderer, he ate and drank, but would not leave the spot

He looked on quietly as they dug the grave, and allowed them to bury the bodies; but as as the turf was replaced, he stretched himself upon it, howled mournfully, and resisted all efforts of the bystanders to induce him to move. He snapped at all who came near him, except the woodman who had tended him. He bore his caresses, but no sooner did the man attempt to take his paws to remove him from the grave than he gnashed his teeth, and would have wounded him severely if he had not quickly fled. Every one admired the fidelity of the dog and when the woodman offered to carry him food and drink every day that he might not perish, the magistrate proposed taking up a collection to remunerate the man, who was poor and the father of a large family. With difficulty he was induced to accept the money, but he finally did, and from that moment burdened himself with the care of his new pensioner.

The details of this horrible event were published in the principal journals of the country. J. Meyers, a brother of the butcher, reading sometime afterward the advertisement of the magistrate, hastened instantly to his presence, saying he had fears which he believed now only too well founded, that his brother had fallen into the hands of robbers, as he had left home with a large sum of money for the purchase of beeves, and was not heard from. His suspicions were only too sadly confirmed when the magistrate related to him the conduct of a dog which he described. Mr. Meyers, accompanied by the officer and several others, repaired to the grave. As soon as the dog perceived his master's brother, he howled, lapped his hands and evinced other demonstrations of joy. By different parts of his dress Mr. Meyer recognized the body of his brother, when they disinterred it. The absence of the gold and the watch, the wounds of the butcher and his dog, those of the two other bodies, together with the disappearance of the horse, convinced the magistrate and the witnesses that the deceased had not only been assassinated by two, but also by one or several others who had fled with the horse and plunder.

Having obtained permission, Mr. Meyer removed his corpse to his native village and interred him in the adjoining cemetery. The faithful dog followed the body, but by degrees became attached to his new master.

Every effort was made by the most diligent search and the offer of immense rewards to discover the assassins. But in vain, the horrible tragedy remained an enigma.

Two years had passed away, and all hopes of solving the mystery vanished, when Mr. Meyer received a letter urging him to repaired without delay to Leipzig to close the eyes of his maternal uncle, who desired to see him before he died. He immediately hastened thither accompanied by his brother's dog, who was his companion at all times. He arrived too late. His relative had deceased the previous evening, bequeathing him a large fortune. He found the city crowded; it being the season of the great fair held regularly there twice a year.

While walking one morning on the public square, attended as usual by his dog, he was astonished to behold the animal leap forward like a flash. He dashed upon the crowd and leaped furiously upon an elegantly dressed young man who was seated in the centre of the square, upon an elevated platform erected for the spectators who desired more conveniently to witness the show. He held him by the throat with so firm a grasp that he would soon have strangled him had no assistance been rendered. They immediately chained the dog, and thinking of course he must be mad, strove to kill him. Mr. Meyer rushed through the crowd and arrived in time to rescue his faithful friend, calling eagerly in the mean time upon the bystanders to arrest the man for he believed his dog recognized in him the murderer of his brother.

Before he had time to explain himself, the young man, profiting by the tumult, escaped.—For some moments they thought Meyer's himself mad, and he had great difficulty in persuading those who had bound the dog, that the faithful creature was not in the least dangerous, and begged earnestly of them to release him that he might pursue the assassin. He spoke in so convincing a manner that his hearers finally felt persuaded of the truth of his assertions and restored the dog to his freedom, who joyously bounded to his master, leaped about him for a few times and hastened away.

He divided the crowd and was soon upon the enemy's track. The police, which upon these occasions are very active and prompt, were immediately informed of this extraordinary event, and a number were soon in pursuit. The dog became, in a few minutes, the object of public curiosity, and every one drew back to give him room. Business was suspended, and crowds collected in groups conversing of nothing but the dog and the murder which had been committed two years before.

After half an hour's expectation, a general rush indicated that the search was over. The man had stretched himself upon the ground under the heavy folds of a double tent, and believed himself hidden. But in spite of his fancied security, the avenger had tracked him, and leaping upon him he bit him, tore his garments and would have killed him upon the spot had not assistance rushed to his reseue.

He was immediately arrested, and led with Mr. Meyer and the dog, now carefully bound, before the judge, who hardly knew what to say to say of so extraordinary an affair. Meyer related all that had happened two years before, and insisted upon the imprisonment of the man, declaring that he was the murder of his brother, for the dog could not be deceived.

During all this time it was almost impossible to hold the animal, who seemed determined to attack the prisoner. Upon interrogating the latter, the judge was not satisfied with his replies and ordered him to be searched. There was found upon him a large sum of gold, jewels, and five watches, four gold, while the fifth was an old silver one, but of little consequence. As soon as Meyer saw the last, he declared it to be the same his brother wore the day he left home —and the description of his watch, published months previously, corroborated his assertions. The robber never dared expose it, for fear that it would lead to his detection, as he was well aware that it had been described very minutely in all the principal journals in Germany.

In short, after the most minute and convincing legal proceedings of eight months, the murderer was condemned to be broken alive and his corpse to remain chained upon the wheel as an example to others. On the night preceding the execution he confessed among other crimes, which until then he had always denied, that he was the murder of Meyer's brother. He gave them all the details above related, and declared that he always believed that the cursed dog died of his wounds. "Had it not been for him," he repeated several times, "I should not have been here. Nothing else could have discovered me, for I had killed the horse and buried him with all that he wore."

He expired on the wheel, and this was the corpse which I beheld before entering the city of Leipzig.

STORY OF AN OLD SETTLER.

The snows of many winters have left their whiteness upon my head, but many events of the war are still fresh in my memory. During the long bloody struggle for independence, I was compelled to witness many horrors.

My father was one of the early settlers of the Kennebec. I was the oldest of four sons. Before the commencement of the war, my father had built him a cabin, quite comfortable enough for his purpose, and commenced clearing—converting the savage wilderness into a garden, to teem with corn and grain.

I and my brothers, of course, assisted him in his labors. The war broke out the second year after our settlement on the Kennebec. At first we apprehended but little danger from the savages, as they had hitherto manifested friendly dispositions. But we were conscious of danger, The Indians commenced depredations.

Tales of blood were borne to our ears.

We went to our daily labor with our weapons in our hands. At the close of a summer day we were seated in our comfortable cabin as usual. A knocking was heard at the door. My mother turned pale and looked at my father, as if entreating him not to open it until he was certain who was without. I immediately acted upon this hint, and stepping softly to the entry, was enabled to reconnoitre the premises through a small crevice. My mother's fears were not without foundation. An athletic savage stood in the door. His face was painted in the most hideous manner. Instead of undoing the fastenings, I proceeded to add to their strength.—I reported the discovery I had made.

"But one, did you say?" said my father.

"Only one," I replied.

"Now see what you can discover on the other side of the cabin."

I did so, and to my surprise saw three more of the rascals crouched like serpents in the grass. I reported this also.

The knocking continued until it became furious. My father, of course, turned a deaf ear to his entreaties for admission. Finding that artifice would not answer, he was joined by his companions, and together they made a most furious attack upon the door. In truth we were but little alarmed, for there were but four savages, and we felt able to contend with them.—The fact was, they supposed that the male members of the family had not yet returned from work; consequently they had only to deal with females. The savages now brought a large stick of wood, and with their united strength used it as a battering ram. The door began to yield.

In the cabin were loaded muskets. They were already in hands skilled to their use. We knew a disagreeable surprise was in store for our foes, and this knowledge gave us strength and courage. This door yielded and they rushed in. Poor fellows, it was the last rush three of them ever made, for they fell dead upon the threshold, beneath our well-directed fire. The fourth one fled in consternation. We pursued him far into the forest, but he was swift foot, and baffled pursuit.

"He will bring down more of the red skins upon us," said my father, wiping the perspiration from his brow.

Indeed the escape of the Indian was unfortunate. After this we were kept in continual alarm. We were fired at in the fields by unseen foes, and were obliged to take the greatest precaution to guard against surprise at night. One of the Indians slain was a brother to him who was so fortunate as to escape, and we knew that to avenge his death would henceforth be the greatest object of his life.

Once we were attacked in the middle of the night. After a third battle we succeeded in driving them away with the loss of several of their number.

Finding our position growing more critical every day, we began to think about leaving our solitary cabin, and seek some white settlement. Before our dwelling stood the stump of a tree, which had been broken off by a strong wind, about four feet from the ground. This stump was hollow. One morning, as my father opened the door to go to work, I heard the report of a gun, and almost immediately another, while simultaneously with the first report, a ball struck the chimney near me. I ran to the door.

"Go look in that hollow stump," said he.

I did so, and to my astonishment saw an Indian in the agonies of death. I recognized him instantly as the one who had made his escape. He had secreted himself there during the night, in order to shoot father as he left the cabin.—Fortunately his aim was bad. The ball passed within an inch of its intended victim's head.

Before he had time to escape he received the contents of my father's rifle.

With our united strength we dragged him forth. We now relinquished the idea of leaving our home, thinking that after this event we might live in comparative safety.

Soon after this I joined the ranks of my countrymen, encountered much hardship and saw real service. It so happened, once upon a time, that I was sent out upon a scouting party. In our zeal we went so far that we were obliged to pass the night from camp. There was not a dwelling near, and we were in the vicinity of our savage foes, whose cunning we had reason to dread. We made arrangements thus:

We were in a small clearing, which had been made before the war broke out, and afterwards abandoned as untenable on account of the Indians. Near the middle of this was the trunk of a large tree which had been blown down, and whose roots had taken from the soil whereon it grew, an enormous quantity of earth. I placed myself on one side of this rampart of earth, and my friend on the other, with the understanding that we should watch each other during the night. By making a small opening through this natural fortification, I was enabled to thrust my gun through and watch the approach of any enemy towards my friend, and he, by a similar operation, could do the same favor for me.

The night was not very dark, and objects could be seen at a considerable distance. Having arranged matters in this manner, we felt little apprehension in regard to a surprise. The hours rolled on. I felt very sleepy, and could hardly keep my eyes open.

About midnight my attention was arrested by a bush which I did not recollect seeing the early part of the night. At first I gave little heed to so slight a circumstance, but at length I began to fancy that it came nearer. Still I strove to persuade myself that the appearance was to be attributed to my eyes, rather than reality. After watching it half an hour, I could no longer doubt that the bush was in motion.

I waited with breathless anxiety until it was within gun-shot. Taking deliberate aim, I fired into the bush. It fell instantly, and I heard a heavy groan.

"What have you done?" asked my friend.

"We will see in the morning," I replied.

We kept our position until sunrise for fear of surprise. Upon examination we found the body of a stout Indian lying in a pool of coagulated blood under the bush. He had taken this method to reconnoitre. It proved fatal. I have passed through many scenes, but I shall never forget the hollow stump and the moving bush.

Overtaking a Thunder Storm.

Mr. Willis, writing to the *Home Journal* from the West, says:—

To overtake a thunder shower, whirl through it and outrun it, was the first of the day's exciting novelties. We saw it ahead of us, on the prairie, as you see a single black cloud in the sky, with sunshine all around it. It was moving in the same direction as ourselves, probably at about 20 miles an hour; and we soon began to overtake it with our better harnessed thunder and lightning. The conductor pointed the dark mass out to me, some ten or fifteen minutes before we entered the outer skirt of the shower; and we were in a pelting rain, with lightning and peals of thunder, for perhaps ten minutes—emerging in fair weather on the other side, and leaving the storm to lag after us, like the "slow coach" it was. But certainly, it was very queer thus to give thunder and lightning the go by. It seemed to me, somehow, anticipatory of another state of things. When we go telegraphing about at the beginning of our spirit travels in the next life, I am sure I shall have a vague impression of having done something of that kind before—this experience of distancing a well-trained thunder cloud being laid away in my memory.

But it is to the wild animals of the prairies that the swiftness of the rail-train is inexplicable. Ages upon ages have established certain relative rates of speed between man and the subject races of creation—the mountain hunter being the fastest pursuer for which the elk and reindeer, the bear and the prairie wolf, the fox and the wild-cat, the skunk, otter and marten, are at all prepared. The small line of the rail-track, nearly hidden in the grass, is not recognized by these wanderers over the vast plains of the West, and, while thinking themselves safe in their own horizon-edged wilderness, they suddenly see the coming of the new monster.—It is a daily experience of the trains on this railroad across Illinois, to overtake some one or more of them; and it is curious (so the different conductors and brakemen all told me) how none of them seem to have the sagacity to escape by running off at right angles. Almost invariably they flee before the pursuer, and are run down, at last, to fall fainting with terror and exhaustion in the neighborhood of the track.

"Now, then, my hearties," said a gallant captain, "you have a tough battle before you. Fight like heroes till your powder's gone, then—run! I'm a little lame, and *I'll start now!*"

Why is an overloaded gun like an office holder? Because it kicks mightily when discharged.

A JUDGEMENT.

A certain reis had died, leaving a large fortune. He had but one son, and it was doubtful even whether that sole heir was living, for he had left the country long since, in consequence of his marriage to a portionless girl of some wandering tribe—a connection to which his father would not consent, and no one knew what had become of him.

On the death of the reis then, instead of one son to claim the succession, no fewer than three presented themselves, the evidence brought forward by all and each of whom seemed equally entitled to a credit; a fact which brought the Nagib into a difficulty with regard to the judgement.

"My sagacity," said he to me, "must never be at fault in deciding upon the disputes of my people; otherwise, they would doubt the infallibility of my judgements, and my authority would be diminished. How would you decide on this matter, supposing you were in my place?"

"Defer judgement for one month," said I.

"And then?"

"I have an idea on the subject. We will discuss it during that time."

The parties were dismissed for a month.—Meanwhile, I recommended the Nagib to spread a report that the deceased reis, in order to protect his son from the effects of the evil eye, which he suspected had been cast upon him at his birth, had traced a crescent upon his breast with the point of a djembie.

Now, if all three claimants were rogues, they would each have made such a mark to shew when the time for judgement came, without fearing suspicion, as the scar would have had time to heal; whereas, if one of them was really the son of the deceased, he would have no such mark.

It all came to pass as I had foretold. Two of the claimants came forward at the end of the month, each displaying a crescent scarified upon his breast, while the third said:

"I am the true son of him whose heritage I claim, and yet I have no crescent marked upon my breast like these, my adversaries. Some lie has been devised to debar me from justice and rob me of my birthright? Surely one, at least, of these two men must be an impostor."

A PIGGISH ILLUSTRATION.—A country girl whose sisters had married badly was about to take the noose herself.

"How dare you get married," asked a cousin of hers, "after having before you the example of your sisters?"

"I choose to make a trial myself. Did you ever see a parcel of pigs running to a trough of hot swill? The first one sticks in his nose, gets it scalded, and then draws back and squeals. The second burns his nose and stands squealing in the same manner. The third follows suit, and he squeals too. But still it makes no difference with those behind. They never take warning of those before; but all in turn thrust in their noses, just as if they hadn't got burnt or squealed at all. So it is with girls in regard to matrimony—and now, cousin, I hope you are satisfied."

WHAT IS LIFE?—The mere elapse of years is not life. To eat, and drink, and sleep, to be exposed to darkness and the light—to pace round in the mill of habit, and turn thought into an implement of trade—this is not life. In all this but a poor fraction of the consciousness of humanity is awakened, and the sanctities still slumber which make it worth while to be. Knowledge, truth, love, beauty, goodness, faith, alone can give vitality to the mechanism of existence. The laugh of mirth that vibrates through the heart—the tear that freshens the dry wastes within—the music that brings childhood back—the prayer that calls the future near—the doubt which makes us meditate—the death which startles us with mystery—the hardship which forces us to struggle—the anxiety that ends in trust—are the true nourishment of our natural being.

CHESS PROBLEM.—John and Julia's problem by Amator, to mate in two moves: John move his arm around Julia's neck, she moves one square and whispers check. He nothing daunted, moves right straight his lips to hers, and calls out mate!

A tailor being reproached by a silly fellow as only a ninth part of a man, retorted by saying:

"Still, I am better off than you; for a fool is no part of a man at all."

A sentimental chap intends to petition Congress for a grant to improve the channels of affection, so that henceforth this course of true love may run smooth. This is a wise step.

A client once burst into tears when he heard the statement of his counsel exclaiming:

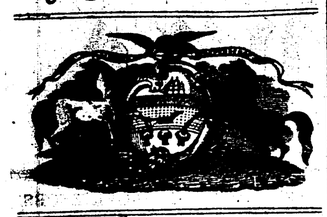
"I didn't think I had suffered half so much."

A late philosopher says that if anything will make a woman swear, it is looking for her night cap when the light is blown out.

A picture of despair—a poor pig with his snout through a garden fence, almost touching a cabbage stock.

Mutual flatterers generally understand each other as well as a couple of horsejockies or blacklegs.

The Altoona Tribune.



ALTOONA, PA.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1860.

☞ Where parties are unknown to us, our rule for advertising is to require payment in advance, or a guarantee from known persons. It is therefore useless for all such to send us advertisements offering to pay at the end of three or six months. Where advertisements are accompanied with the money, whether one, five or ten dollars, we will give the advertiser the full benefit of cash rates.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO.,

Advertising Agents, 119 Nassau street, New York, and 10 State street, Boston, are the Agents for the *Altoona Tribune*, and the most influential and largest circulating Newspapers in the United States and the Canadas. They are authorized to contract for us at our *lowest rates*.

Political Trickery.

It is a maxim that "everything is fair in politics," but we don't believe it. Again it is said that "there is no honesty in politics," and this, while it is lamentable, is only too true.—We can see no good reason why men who are strictly honest in their business transactions should be dishonest in political affairs. Certainly it is no less reproachful for a man to act deceitfully in affairs which relate to the welfare of the country or the character of individuals, politically considered, than it would be to act similarly religiously or socially. But we know that almost every person looks upon these matters in a different light, and the one is tolerated, and even applauded, while the other alone meets that censure which is due to both.

On no other subject, probably, do men exhibit so much excitement, and become so reckless in their assertions, as on politics. That every man should take an interest in the affairs of the country, we consider not only proper, but a bounden duty, one that cannot be put aside even by the minister of the Gospel. Every man is supposed to attach himself to that party which he thinks is right—the *true* party—the one which will carry out his views; and, as a matter of course, we should expect to see him earnestly upholding the principles of his party whenever assailed. But in so doing it is not at all necessary that he should depart from the truth in relation to his own party, or misrepresent his opponents. Such a course is condemned by the sensible men of all parties, and indulged in only by those who place but little value on their reputation.

Garbling extracts from speeches and letters of public men is one of the dishonorable political tricks now indulged in to a great extent by all parties. By way of comparison we may say that we have heard ministers of the Gospel, while speaking of the fascinating manner in which Satan tempts men from the ways of truth, make use of language which, if separated from the discourse, would make the minister say that the devil was a mighty fine fellow, a very clever old gentleman, almost a saint; but by adding the preceding and succeeding remarks the whole tenor of the eulogy is changed. Now what would be thought of a journalist who would attempt to disparage a minister in the eyes of those who were unacquainted with him, by garbling the extract which, without the other portions, would be an eulogy of Satan? Every reasonable man would know it was not what it imported, and the journalist would be heartily condemned. Politically, we have numerous examples of this kind, but because they do not meet with that open censure which they deserve, they are continued. We will refer to one case of political garbling, (and we do so only because we have heard good men of all parties condemn the actions of the few journals that have published the extract, after they had read the whole speech and knew the truth,) and that is an extract taken from Carl Shurz's speech, delivered at Springfield, Mass., Jan. 4, 1860. By disconnecting that extract from the adjoining remarks he is made to ridicule the Declaration of Independence and defame the men who signed it. The reverse of this is true, for in reality that part of the speech from which the extract is taken is a beautiful eulogy on the Declaration and a just tribute to the memory of the men who affixed their names to it. It is an insult to the intelligence and patriotism of the people of Springfield (whom we have every reason to believe are as loyal to their country as those of any other section) to suppose that they would permit any man, much less a foreigner, thus to ridicule an article so much prized, and slander men whose memory is dear to every American, without dealing out to him, in a summary manner, that reward which such insolence would deserve. We do not wish to be considered as apologizing for Carl Shurz, because, politically, we don't like him, but we merely notice this to show how men are deceived in politics by unscrupulous journalists who garble extracts from speeches and letters, and sometimes even alter words to suit their purpose. Those who have been so much excited against the German orator by reading only the obnoxious extract, should read that part of his speech from which it is taken, and they will then entertain a different opinion of him even though they do not agree with him in politics. Had Carl Shurz uttered the sentiments attributed to him we would delight to be *of* the number who would supply him with an excellent coat of tar and feathers, and help him on his journey, *on a rail*, through every town in the country.

By request, we publish in another column, under the head of "Political Items," that part of the speech from which the extract referred to above is taken. Our columns are open to all political parties to contradict the misrepresentations of their opponents.

☞ The demand for Caps and Capes for Wide-A-wakes which has been created by the different political organizations that are springing up in every part of the country has tested the enterprise of manufacturing establishments, and the great manufacturing city of Philadelphia has again taken the lead in supplying the demand. The extensive hat and cap manufacturing establishment of MATTHEW BROOKS, No. 139 North Third Street, Philadelphia, has filled all orders promptly and will continue to do so throughout the campaign. It may be important to country merchants to know that this extra demand upon the establishment has not been allowed to interfere in any manner with the regular business of the house, and a large assortment of hats and caps of the latest styles are now being prepared for Fall sales. The energy and dispatch with which business is transacted at this house, and the low prices at which it supplies the market, makes it rank deservedly with the first class houses of Philadelphia. Merchants who are about visiting Philadelphia, may regard this as "a word in season."

CONVICTED.—We learn from the Ebensburg papers that Werner Bender, one of the Inspectors of the Washington township, Cambria county, election, in 1858, was, at a late term of the Court in that county, convicted of wilful fraud in the discharge of his duties. It will be remembered that there were some 400 votes polled in that township, at the election referred to, while there are only some 180 or 200 voters in the township. Gen. Dick White testified that he was present and saw some 200 spurious tickets thrown into the ballot box while the officers of the election board were eating their suppers. The jury, after being out three-quarters of an hour, returned a verdict of guilty in manner and form as he stands indicted against Mr. Bender. A motion for a new trial was made by his counsel.

☞ An old woman, named Eve Callsberry, 90 years of age, a resident of Lancaster city, was murdered near Conestoga Centre, in Lancaster county, on Saturday week, by a German named Jacob Whitman, who beat her over the head with a club or stone, breaking her skull, and causing immediate death. The murderer was tracked and arrested on Monday following. No possible motive can be discovered for the perpetration of the act. It is thought the man is insane.

LOOK HERE.—In another column will be found the advertisement of Prof. L. Miller, of New York, who offers to the public a superior article of Hair Restorative, which he guarantees will do all he claims for it. From the fact that the Professor's Restorative has been a long time in market, and his sales have been increasing all the time, we are led to believe that it is equal, if not superior, to all others. If you require anything of the kind, give it a trial.

COSMOPOLITAN ART JOURNAL.—The September number of this quarterly is a gem in its way.—It contains a number of engravings which can not be excelled, and the reading matter is excellent. It gives much information in relation to the fine arts and is indispensable to those who wish to keep posted up on such matters. All who are able should by all means invest in the Cosmopolitan Art Association.

☞ The Shirleysburg *Herald*, of the 13th inst., says:—On Sunday last, a Mrs. Vaughan, residing in Black-Log Valley, about ten miles from this place, in opening her mouth very wide, gaping, threw one side of her lower jaw out of its place, and closing her mouth, was unable to replace it. Dr. McKirnon was sent for in the evening, and readily adjusted the difficulty.

NOMINATED.—The Democratic Congressional Conferees of the district composed of Adams, Franklin, Juniata and Bedford counties, met at Chambersburg, on the 12th inst., and nominated Hon. Wm. P. Schell, of Bedford, as their candidate. The conferees from Juniata took no part in the conference and disapprove of its action.

CONGRESSIONAL.—The Democratic Conferees of the 16th Congressional district, composed of the counties of York, Cumberland and Perry, met at Bridgeport on Friday last, and nominated Hon. Joseph Baily, of Perry county, by acclamation. The opposition candidate in the same district is Hon. B. F. Junkin, present incumbent.

DEAD.—Elder John Winebrenner, of Harrisburg, died in that city on Tuesday night of last week, after a lingering illness. For years past the deceased has been prominently connected in various capacities with the "Church of God," of which he was the founder. He accomplished a vast amount of good in his time, and was honored and esteemed by all who knew him.

☞ The New York Houston State Committee have issued an address on the occasion of the withdrawal of their candidate for the Presidency. They recommend their friends to vote so as to prevent the election of President going into the House.

☞ Walker, the fillibuster, has been captured by Alvarez at Rio Negro. Seventy of his men were captured with him, and they were handed over to the authorities of Honduras.—Gen. Walker and Col. Kudler were to be shot.

☞ The Richmond *Enquirer* is out against the government having anything to do with building a railroad to the Pacific, and calls on the Virginia State Convention to strike this plank out of the Breckinridge platform.

☞ The Pittsburgh *Chronicle* of the 17th says it now turns out that they have discovered oil on the Conemaugh river, near Blairsville. A well sunk there sometime since is now yielding ten barrels a day.

☞ The People's Party conferees, of the 15th Congressional district, met at Lock Haven, on the 12th inst., and nominated Jas. T. Hale for re-election, by acclamation.

WALL PAPER.—Nothing probably in the catalogue of items with which we beautify our homes contributes more towards giving them an inviting, cheerful appearance than that with which we decorate our walls. And so important has this item become, that the manufacture and sale of wall paper has grown to be a business of immense magnitude, and commands the capital, enterprise and good taste of our best business men and most skillful artists. In connection with this business the name of HOWELL has become almost synonymous. By their liberality to artists and good taste in the selection of imported goods, Messrs. HOWELL gave the business a great impetus, and to their enterprise, chiefly, may be attributed to the progress made in this direction. Messrs. HOWELL & BOURKE who have recently removed to the *N. E. corner of Fourth and Market streets, Philadelphia*, are both young men; they command large means, keep a very extensive stock of goods, and represent the enterprise, public spirit, and good taste with which the business was originally imbued by the elder Howells; and we venture the assertion that nowhere else can paper hangings be purchased to better advantage; no other firm certainly commands more ample resources, or displays greater determinations to give entire satisfaction to purchasers. Give them a trial. See their card in another column.

Dreadful Accident.

Two men were this morning employed in giving to the dome of St. Patrick's Church, West Troy, a coat of white paint. Before going up, one of them, named John Fishback, was noticed by his companions to have been drinking, and was remonstrated with for ascending; but it was said in reply that he was better able to go up in that condition than though he was perfectly sober, and as it appeared he was quite rational, and but slightly under the influence of liquor, he was permitted to go up. Sixty-one feet from the ground is a narrow ledge or cornice, from two to three feet wide, running around the base of the dome. Upon this ledge the two men had been at work for some time, having previously finished the painting above by means of ladders fastened from the cross on the summit of the dome. On this narrow shelving, where the men were now at work, Fishback would frequently let go all support from the dome, and walk out to the very ledge, to show his nerve and bravado. The entreaties of his companion not to do so, only induced him to show still greater recklessness, until all at once his companion saw him going, when no power of him could save him. He had lost his balance, and falling struck first upon a cornice quite a distance below, and then upon the ground, falling upon the right side of the head and shoulder, instantly killing him, causing the blood to spout from his ears, and driving the right side of his head and face into a horrid shape. Coroner Whitbeck held an in inquest, and the jury returned a verdict in accordance with the above facts. Fishback was a native of Canada, and was a widower, having two grown-up children, who are, we believe, at work in Albany.—*Troy Times, Sept. 7th.*

POLITICAL ITEMS.

EXTRACT FROM CARL SCHURZ'S SPEECH.—Below we publish, by request, that part of Carl Schurz's speech, delivered at Springfield, Mass., January 4, 1860, an extract from which has raised such a storm about his ears as a defamer of the Declaration of Independence and the men who signed it:—

Let your imagination carry you back to the year 1776. You stand in the hall of the old Colonial Court-house of Philadelphia. Through the open door you see the Continental Congress assembled; the moment of a great decision is drawing near. Look at the earnest faces of the men assembled there, and consider what you may expect of them. The philosophy of the eighteenth century counts many of them among its truest adepts. They welcomed heartily in their scattered towns and plantations the new ideas brought forth by that sudden progress of humanity, and, meditating them in the dreamy solitude of virgin nature, they had enlarged the compass of their thoughts, and peopled their thoughts with lofty ideals. A classical education (for most of them are by no means illiterate men,) has put all the sources of historical knowledge at their disposal, and enabled them to apply the experience of past centuries to the new problem they attempt to solve. See others there of a simple but strong cast of mind, whom common sense would call its truest representatives. Wont to grapple with the dangers and difficulties of an early settler's life, or, if inhabitants of young uprising cities, wont to carry quick projects into speedy execution, they have become regardless of obstacles and used to strenuous activity. The constant necessity to help themselves has developed their mental independence; and, inured to political strife by the continual defence of their colonial self-government, they have at last become familiar with the idea, to introduce into practical existence the principles which their vigorous minds have quietly built up into a theory.

The first little impulses to the general upheaving of the popular spirit—the tea tax, the stamp act—drop into insignificance; they are almost forgotten; the revolutionary spirit has risen far above them. It disdains to justify itself with petty pleadings; it spurns diplomatic equivocation; it places its claim to independence upon the broad basis of eternal rights, as self-evident as the sun, as broad as the world, as common as the air of heaven. The struggle of the colonies against the usurping Government of Great Britain has risen to the proud dimensions of a struggle of men for liberty and equality. Behold, five men are advancing towards the table of the President. First, Thomas Jefferson, whose philosophical spirit grasps the generality of things and events; then Benjamin Franklin, the great apostle of common sense, the clear wisdom of real life beaming in his serene eye; then the undaunted John Adams, and two others. Now Jefferson reads the Declaration of Independence, and loudly proclaims the principles upon which it rests: "All men are created free and equal!" It is said; history tells you what it meant. The sceptre of royalty is flung back across the ocean; the prerogatives of nobility are trodden into the dust; every man a king, every man a baron; in seven of the original colonies the shackles of the black man struck off; almost everywhere the way prepared for gradual emancipation. "No recognition of the right of property in man!" says Madison. "Let slavery be abolished by law!" says Washington. Not only the supremacy of Old England is to be shaken off, but a new organization of society is to be built up, on the basis of liberty and equality. That is the Declaration of Independence. That is the American Revolution. All men free and equal. Not even the broad desert of the Atlantic Ocean stops the triumphant shout. Behold the nations of the Old World are rushing to arms. Bastiles are blown into the dust as by the trumpets of Jericho, and, like a pillar of fire by night and a pillar of cloud by day, the great watchword of the American Revolution shows forever the way to struggling humanity. [Long-continued applause.] All men are created free and equal! Whence the supernatural power in these seven words?

Turn your eyes away from the sublime spectacle of 1776, from that glorious galaxy of men whose hearts were large enough for all mankind, and let me recall you to the sober year of 1857. There in Springfield, the capital of Illinois, one of those States which owe their greatness to an ordinance originally framed by the same man whose hand wrote the Declaration of Independence. In the Hall of the Assembly there stands Mr. Douglas, who initiates an eager crowd into the mysteries of "popular sovereignty." He will tell you what it meant when the men of 1776 said that "all men were created free and equal." He says:

"No man can vindicate the character, the motives, and the conduct of the signers of the Declaration of Independence, except upon the hypothesis that they referred to the white race alone and not to the African, when they declared that all men have been created free and equal—*that they were speaking of British subjects on this continent being equal to British subjects born and residing in Great Britain*—that they were entitled to the same inalienable rights, and among them were enumerated life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness. The Declaration of Independence was adopted merely for the purpose of justifying the colonists in the eyes of the civilized world in withdrawing their allegiance from the British crown, and dissolving their connection with the mother country."

What! Is that all? Is that little heap of quicksand the whole substructure on which a new organization of society was to be built?—the whole foundation upon which the proud and ponderous edifice of the United States rests?—They did then, *not* mean *all* men, when they said all men. They intended, perhaps, even to disfranchise those free blacks, who, in five of the original thirteen colonies, enjoyed the right of voting. They meant but the white race. Oh, no, by no means, the *whole* white race; not the Germans, not the French, not the Scandinavians; they meant but British subjects. "British subjects on this continent being equal to British subjects born and residing on the other side of the great water!" [Laughter and applause.]

There is your Declaration of Independence, a diplomatic dodge, adopted merely for the purpose of excusing the rebellious colonies in the eyes of civilized mankind. There is your Declaration of Independence, no longer the sacred code of the rights of man, meant but the privileges of a set of aristocratic slaveholders, but styled it "the rights of man," in order to throw dust into the eyes of the world and to inveigle noble-hearted fools into lending them aid and assistance. [Applause.] These are your boasted Revolutionary sires, no longer heroes and sages, but accomplished humbuggers and hypocrites, who passed counterfeit sentiments as genuine, and obtained arms and money and assistance and sympathy on false pretences! There is your great American Revolution, no longer the great champion of universal principles, but a mean Yankee trick—[bursts of applause and laughter]—a wooden nutmeg—[renewed cheers]—the most impudent imposition ever practiced upon the whole world! [Applause.]

This is the way Mr. Douglas wants you to read and to understand the proudest pages of American history! That is the kink of history with which he finds it necessary to prop his meagre doctrine of popular sovereignty! That is what he calls vindicating the character and the motives and the conduct of the signers of the Declaration of Independence. Thus he did not blush to slander Jefferson, who when speaking of his country, meant the world, and when speaking of his fellow-citizens, meant mankind; and Franklin, in whose clear head theory and practice were the same, and who, having declared "all men to be created free and equal," became the first President of the first great Abolition Society; and John Adams, the Representative of that State which abolished slavery within its limits with one great stroke of legislation; and Washington, who declared it to be "his fondest wish to see slavery abolished by law," and affixed to the Declaration of Independence the broad signature of his heroic sword; and Madison, who deemed it "absurd to admit the idea of property in man;" and of the framers of the Constitution, who took care not to disgrace that instrument with the word "slavery," and, before adopting it finally, blotted out from the extradition clause the word "servitude," *avowedly because it signified the condition of a slave*, and substituted the word "service," avowedly *because it signified the condition of a freeman.*—Thus Mr. Douglas dares to speak of all those true men, who, after having proclaimed their principles in the Declaration, endeavored to introduce them into practical life in almost every State, in the way of *gradual emancipation!*—That they have failed in this, is it a fault of theirs? It shows not that they were less great and sincere, but that subsequent generations were hardly worthy of so noble an ancestry! [Applause.]

There is Mr. Douglas's version of your history. He despairs of converting you without slandering your fathers. His present doctrines cannot thrive, unless planted in a calumny on the past. To vindicate the signers of the Declaration of Independence! Indeed, they need it sadly. I see the illustrious committee of five rise from their graves, at their head Thomas Jefferson, his lips curled with the smile of contempt, and I hear him say to Mr. Douglas, "Sir, you may abuse us as much as you please, but have the goodness to spare us with your vindications of our character and motives." [Great laughter and applause.]

It is a common thing that men of a coarse cast of mind so lose themselves in the mean pursuit of selfish ends as to become insensible to the grand and sublime. Measuring every character and every event in history by the low standard of their own individualities, applying to everything the narrow rule of their own motives, incapable of grasping broad and generous ideas, they will belittle every great thing they cannot deny, and drag down every struggle of principles to the sordid arena of aspiring selfishness, or of small competing interests. Eighteen hundred years ago, there were men who saw nothing in incipient Christianity but a mere wrangle between Jewish theologians, got up by a carpenter's boy, and carried on by a few crazy fishermen. Three hundred years ago, there were men who saw in the great reformatory movement of the sixteenth century, not the emancipation of the individual conscience, but a mere fuss kicked up by a German monk who wanted to get married. Two hundred years ago, there were men who saw in Hampden's refusal to pay the ship money, not a bold vindication of constitutional liberty, but the crazy antics of a man who was mean enough to quarrel about a few shillings. And now, there are men who see in the Declaration of Independence and the American Revolution, not the reorganization of human society upon the basis of liberty and equality, but a dodge of some English colonists, who were unwilling to pay their taxes. (Continued applause.)

But the dignity of great characters and the glory of great events find their vindication in the consciences of the people. [Cheers.] It is in vain for demagogueism to raise its short arms against the truth of history. The Declaration of Independence stands there. No candid man ever read it without seeing and feeling that every word of it was dictated by deep and earnest thought, and that every sentence of it bears the stamp of philosophical generality. It is the summing up of the results of the philosophical development of the age; it is the practical embodiment of the progressive ideas, which, very far from being confined to the narrow limits of the English colonies, pervaded the very atmosphere of all civilized countries. That code of human rights has grown on the very summit of civilization, not in the miry soil of a South Carolina cotton-field. He must have a dull mind or a disordered brain, who misunderstands its principles; but he must have *the heart of a villain*, who knowingly misrepresents them. [Loud cheers.]

PROBABLE MAJORITY.—The Pittsburgh *Evening Chronicle* publishes a list of the counties and districts in this State, with the probable majorities each will give for Foster and Curtin, and brings Curtin out 22,000 ahead, counting Philadelphia a tie; but conceding that Foster will have 5,000 in Philadelphia, it still leaves him 17,000. Of course this calculation was made by a friend of Curtin, and we think some of his majorities are a little too high; nevertheless, they are such as are entertained by his supporters throughout the State.

☞ A correspondent of the Baltimore *Patriot* states that the Republicans of New York State "have the names of 81,000 of the very men who voted for Fillmore in 1855 inscribed on their poll lists for Lincoln—not put there by guess, but by actual, veritable personal inquiry of each man as to his course."

☞ A very large meeting of the People's Party was held at Beavertown, Beaver county, on Tuesday evening of last week. Addresses were delivered by Hon. A. G. Curtin, and Col. L. W. Hall, of this place. The speech of Col. H., is highly spoken of by the papers of that place, even the Democratic paper accorded to it the merit of being a good political speech, free from all harsh language.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ Persons afflicted with the Fever and Ague should not spare either time, trouble or expense, to procure DR. HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED BITTERS, whose beneficient effects upon the system has been clearly proved to those who have been stricken down in a short space of time by this dreadful curse, whose cheeks are wan and meagre, and whose nights are sleepless and restless, and whose eyes are dim and sunken, with death staring them in the face, this compound must prove a blessing; snatching them, as it were, from the mouth of the grave. None can know its true value until they have tested it. When all others have failed, these Bitters have restored the sufferers to pristine health. Their popularity in all the Western and Southern parts should introduce them to all families.

Sold by druggists and dealers generally everywhere.

☞ See advertisement in another column.

Toram's Furniture Warehouse.

This establishment is becoming one of the most attractive "Institutions" of the Quaker City, and the place where housekeepers "most do congregate." Mr. TORAM established himself at the corner of *Ninth and Market Streets*, in 1850, and by superintending the manufacture of every article himself his wares soon gained a reputation, and by liberal advertising and strict attention to business, he was soon forced to add room after room to his establishment, until his is now the most extensive establishment of the kind in Philadelphia, and being one of special interest to all housekeepers, we deem it worthy of this special notice. Mr. Toram is himself a master mechanic, a shrewd business man, and a gentleman. He superintends his own business and may be found at the establishment early and late. He is, in the strict sense of the word, a utilitarian, and the reader must not expect, should he visit his business place, to find a "showy" establishment, unless, indeed, a hive of industry and well stocked ware rooms of large dimensions but unpretending style may be considered *showy*. The place is an *attractive* one, however, and especially to young housekeepers commencing life and looking for home comforts. The varieties of style and gradation of prices are such as to enable one to purchase according to taste and with a *certainty* of purchasing at *the lowest prices*. Make a note of this, reader, and call at the establishment or send your order. Address STEPHEN TORAM, N. E. corner of 9th and Market streets, Philadelphia, and your furniture will be selected from a stock embracing everything from the best and most elaborate finish to the plainest and cheapest. All orders receive the personal attention of Mr. TORAM and his efforts to please are generally satisfactory.

Sept. 13, 1860–1m.

Read! Read! Read!

CAIRO, Ill., July 29th, 1860.

MESSRS. JOHN WILCOX & Co.:—Your "Inpectine," or "Persian Fever Charm," has done wonders. I was wholly despondent and wretched when I applied it, and in five hours the chills were removed and no fever has ensued. It is the simplest cure imaginable, and a wonder of nature or art. I would not be without this "Inpectine" a single hour.—By constantly wearing I seem to be "ague proof."

Yours very truly, E. M. STOUT.

MOBILE, Alabama, July 23d, 1860.

GENTLEMEN:—I have been snatched from the grave by the application of your wonderful "Inpectine," or "Persian Fever Charm." For several years I have suffered every season from Fever and Ague. Last Spring my life was threatened, but your remedy has destroyed the disease and I am rapidly gaining an appetite and strength.

Respectfully yours, D. N. BARRON.

This truly wonderful preventive and cure for Fever and Ague and Bilious Fevers will be sent mail, post paid, on receipt of one dollar. Also for sale at all respectable Druggists and Country Stores.

Principal Depot and Manufactory, 188 Main St., Richmond, Va. Branch Office, Bank of Commerce Building, New York. Address JOHN WILCOX.

Dr. Bronson's Blood Food.

The demand for this unrivalled Preparation is beyond the possibility of a doubt, and its sale is becoming as large as that of any other article now before the public. Tens of thousands of persons who were sufferers are now seen daily walking the streets of all the principal cities of the Union, and by their influence spreading the fame of "Dr. BRONSON'S BLOOD FOOD" throughout the civilized world.—But the trial of one bottle is more than we can say in a whole newspaper column. It gives life, health and beauty to the sick, and restores, as if by magic, those who were supposed to be irrecoverably lost. We need only say, try it.

We would also call the attention of Mothers to Dr. BRONSON'S INFANTILE CORDIAL. This is said to be superior to any article of the kind now known. If your anxious hearts are pained by witnessing the sufferings of your little ones, lose no time in procuring a bottle. It is an invaluable specific for infants teething, softening their gums, and allaying all fever and irritation. By all means get the Cordial; relieve the sufferings of your children, and enjoy unbroken your own repose. See advertisement.—*Advertiser and Farmer, Bridgeport, Vt.* For sale by A. Roush.

Weakness of the Stomach and Indigestion.

Another Great Cure effected by Barbare's Holland Bitters.

The wife of Pieter De Witte, living in Holland Town, Sheboygan county, Wisconsin, suffered much from Weakness of the Stomach and Indigestion. She had been under a physician's care for some time, but the disease seemed to baffle even his skill. She purchased some HOLLAND BITTERS at our office, which has given tone to her stomach; her appetite and strength are returning, and we firmly believe that this is another great cure effected by your medicine.

We have still to record many wonderful cures effected by this remedy, but must wait another opportunity. One thing you can rely upon, what we have published are from persons much respected in our community, and are literally true. J. QUINTUS,

(Ed. Sheboygan Nieuwsbode, Sheboygan, Wis.)

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS.

The combination of ingredients in these Pills are the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and certain in correcting all irregularities Painful Menstruations, removing all obstructions, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, whites, all nervous affections, hysterics, fatigue, pain in the back and limbs, &c., disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS

was the commencement of a new era in the treatment of those irregularities and obstructions which have consigned so many thousands of the young, the beautiful, and the beloved to a premature grave. No female can enjoy good health unless she is regular, and whenever an obstruction takes place the general health begins to decline.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS

are the most effectual remedy ever known for all complaints peculiar to *Females*. To all classes they are invaluable, *inducing, with certainty, periodical regularity*. They are known to thousands, who have used them at different periods, throughout the country, having the sanction of some of the most *eminent Physicians in America*.

Explicit directions, stating when, and when they should not be used, with each Box,—*the Price One Dollar each Box, containing 40 Pills.*

A valuable Pamphlet, to be had free, of the Agents.—Pills *sent by mail, promptly*, by enclosing price to the General Agent. Sold by Druggists generally,

R. B. HUTCHINGS, GENERAL AGENT,
14 Broadway, New York.

Sold in Altoona by G. W. Kessler; in Hollidaysburg by Geo. A. Jacobs. [Dec. 8, 1859.-1y.

☞ "OH THAT THE SKIN of an innocent sheep should be made into parchment, and written on to the undoing of a man!" quoth Shakspeare. He might also have deplored the ruining of men's forms by the uncouth manner in which some ungracious tailors butcher up the cloth made from the wool grown by these same harmless sheep. To see the perfection of the art of working up cloth wisely and well, and so as to set off to the best advantage the forms of its wearers, call at the Brown Stone Clothing Hall of Rockhill & Wilson, Nos. 603 and 605 Chestnut St. above Sixth, Phila. and examine their stock of garments for gentlemen and youths.

MRS. WINSLOW,

An experienced nurse and female physician, has a soothing Syrup for children teething, which greatly facilitates the process of teething, by sotening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay all pain, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and relief and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases. See advertisement in another column

Iron City College

Cheapest! Best! Largest!!

$35.00

Pays for Tuition in Single and Double Entry Book-Keeping, Writing, Commercial Arithmetic and Lectures.

Board 8 Weeks $20, Stationery $7, Tuition $35, entire Expenses $62.

Usual time to complete a full course, from 6 to 10 weeks Every Student, upon graduating, is guaranteed to be competent to manage the Books of any Business and qualified to earn a salary of from

$500 to $1,000.

Students enter at any time—No Vacation—Review at pleasure.

First Premiums for Best Business Writing for 1859, received at Pittsburgh, Philadelphia and Ohio State Fairs. Also, at the principal Fairs of the Union for the past four years.

☞ Ministers Sons received at half price.

For full information, Circular, Specimens of Business and Ornamental Writing and Embellished View of the College, enclose five letter stamps to F. W. JENKINS.

Sept. 22, 1859.—1y Pittsburgh, Pa.

LANDS! LANDS!! LANDS!!!

The undersigned is prepared to locate LAND WARRANTS in the Omaha and Nebraska City Land Offices.—Good selections can now be made near the large streams and settlements. The Lands of this Territory, now in Market, are of the best quality.

☞ Selections carefully made. Letters of inquiry requested. ALEX. F. MCKINNEY,

ORRAPOLIS, Cass County, N. Ter.

July 14, 1859.-tf

REFERENCES:

Rev. A. B. CLARK, Altoona, Pa.
Wm. M. LLOYD & Co., Bankers, Altoona, Pa.
MCCRUM & DERR, Editors, "
THOS. A. SCOTT, Supt. P. R. R., "
D. MCMURTRIE, Esq., Huntingdon, Pa.

W. M. LLOYD & CO.,

ALTOONA, PA.,

JOHNSTON, JACK & CO.,

HOLLIDAYSBURG, PA.,

BANKERS.

(*Late "Bell, Johnston, Jack & Co."*)

DRAFTS ON THE PRINCIPAL Cities, and Silver and Gold for sale. Collections made. Moneys received on deposite, payable on demand, without interest, or upon time, with interest at fair rates.

Feb. 3d, 1859.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—THE UNdersigned has now on hand and will sell cheap at his store in the Masonic Temple, a large and complete assortment of BOOTS AND SHOES, ready made, or made to order, Overshoes, Ladies' Sandals, Gum Shoes, Cork Soles, and everything in his line of business, of the best quality and on the most reasonable terms. All custom work warranted.

Jan. 2, '56–tf] J. SHOEMAKER.

FURNITURE WARE-ROOM.—THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that he has taken the ware-room two doors from the Branch Road, where he will keep on hand all kinds of

CABINET-WARE,

and attend to the duties of an UNDERTAKER.

Two good Cabinet-Makers and one apprentice wanted.

Altoona, Apr. 12, 1860. JAS. T. MOORE.

BLAIR COUNTY INSURANCE AGENCY.—The undersigned, Agent of the Blair County Mutual Fire Insurance Company, is at all times ready to insure against loss or damage by fire, *Buildings, Merchandize, Furniture and Property*, of every description, in town or country, at as reasonable rates as any Company in the State. Office with Bell, Johnston, Jack & Co. D. T. CALDWELL, *Agent.*

Jan. 27, '59–tf

ALL THE STANDARD PATENT MEDICINES AT 1-tf. KESSLER'S.

DR. WOLFE'S AROMATIC SCHNIDAM SCHNAPPS

A SUPERLATIVE TONIC, DIURETIC, ANTI DYSPEPTIC AND INVIGORATING CORDIAL

TO THE CITIZENS OF NEW JERSEY AND PENNSYLVANIA,

APOTHECARIES, DRUGGISTS, GROCERS AND PRIVATE FAMILIES.

WOLFE'S Pure Cognac Brandy.
WOLFE'S Pure Maderie, Sherry and Port Wine.
WOLFE'S Pure Jamaica and St. Croix Rum.
WOLFE'S Pure Scotch and Irish Whisky.

ALL IN BOTTLES.

I beg leave to call the attention of the citizens of the United States to the above Wines and Liquors, imported by UDOLPHO WOLFE, of New York, whose name is familiar in every part of this country for the purity of his celebrated SCHNIDAM SCHNAPPS. Mr. Wolfe, in his letter to me, speaking of the purity of his Wines and Liquors, says: "I will stake my reputation as a man, my standing as a merchant of thirty years' residence in the city of New York, that all the Brandy and Wines which I bottle are pure as imported, and of the best quality, and can be relied upon by every purchaser." Every bottle has the proprietor's name on the wax, and a fac simile of his signature on the certificate.—The public are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves. For sale at Retail by all Apothecaries and Grocers in Philadelphia.

GEORGE H. ASHTON, No. 832 Market St., Phila.
Sole Agent for Philadelphia.

Read the following from the New York Courier:

ENORMOUS BUSINESS FOR ONE NEW YORK MERCHANT.—We are happy to inform our fellow-citizens that there is one place in our city where the physician, apothecary, and country merchant, can go and purchase puro Wines and Liquors, as pure as imported, and of the best quality. We do not intend to give an elaborate description of this merchant's extensive business, although it will well repay any stranger or citizen to visit UDOLPHO WOLFE'S extensive warehouse, Nos. 18, 20 and 22, Beaver street, and Nos. 17, 19 and 21, Marketfield street. His stock of Schnapps on hand ready for shipment could not have been less than thirty thousand cases; the Brandy, some ten thousand cases.—Vintages of 1836 to 1850; and ten thousand cases of Madeira, Sherry and Port Wine, Scotch and Irish Whiskey, Jamaica and St. Croix Rum, some very old and equal to any in this country. He also had three large cellars, filled with Brandy, Wine, &c., in casks, under Custom-House key, ready for bottling. Mr. Wolfe's sales of Schnapps last year amounted to one hundred and eighty thousand dozen, and we hope in less than two years he may be equally successful with his Brandies and Wines.

His business merits the patronage of every lover of his species. Private families who wish pure Wines and Liquors for medical use should send their orders direct to Mr. Wolfe, until every Apothecary in the land make up their minds to discard the poisonous stuff from their shelves, and replace it with Wolfe's pure Wines and Liquors.

We understand that Mr. Wolfe, for the accommodation of small dealers in the country, puts up assorted cases of Wines and Liquors. Such a man, and such a merchant, should be sustained against his tens of thousands of opponents in the United States, who sell nothing but imitations, ruinous alike to human health and happiness.

Sept. 13, 1860–6m.is.

CHILDREN TEETHING

MRS. WINSLOW, AN EXPERIENCED NURSE AND FEMALE PHYSICIAN, presents to the attention of mothers her

SOOTHING SYRUP,

FOR CHILDREN TEETHING.

which greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums reducing all inflammation will allay pain and spasmodic action, and is *sure to regulate the Bowels.*

Depend upon it mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and *Relief and Health to your Infants.*

We have put up and sold this article for over ten years, and can say, in confidence and truth of it, what we have never been able to say of any other medicine—never has it failed, in a single instance, to effect a cure, when timely used. Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in terms of highest commendation of its magical effects and medical virtues. We speak in this matter "what we do know," after ten years' experience, and pledge our reputation for the fulfilment of what we here declare. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes after the syrup is administered.

This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most experienced and skillful nurses in New England, and has been used with never-failing success in *thousands of cases.*

It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will almost instantly relieve *Griping in the Bowels and Wind Colic*, and overcome convulsions, which, if not *speedily* remedied, end in death. We believe it the *best* and *surest remedy* in the world, in all cases of Dysentery and Diarrhœa in children, whether it arises from teething or from any other cause.—We would say to every mother who has a child suffering from any of the foregoing complaints—do not let your prejudices, nor the prejudices of others, stand between your suffering child and the relief that will be *sure—yes, absolutely sure*—to follow the use of this medicine, if timely used. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

Sold by Druggists throughout the world, and by G. W. Kessler and A. Roush, druggists, Altoona. Price 25 cents per bottle.

☞ Principal Office, No. 13 Cedar street, N. Y.

July 12, 1860–1y.

TO THE PEOPLE.

I HAVE JUST RETURNED FROM the East with a large assortment of the following articles, bought for cash, which I offer to the citizens of Blair and adjoining counties, at the

Blair County Book and Music Store,

opposite the *Tribune* Office, Virginia street, Altoona, Pa., at the very lowest rates:

BOOKS & STATIONERY

of all kinds. Albums, Blank Books, Pass Books, &c., &c. Also all the different

SCHOOL BOOKS

used in Altoona or the township schools.

VIOLINS, GUITARS, BANJOES, ACCORDEONS, FLUTES, FIFES, &c. &c.

and an endless variety of Violin, Guitar and other strings of the finest quality. I have paid particular attention to selecting a large quantity of PIANO MUSIC, the latest published, to which I invite the attention of the ladies. I have MUSICAL INSTRUCTORS for almost every instrument.

Also, a superior lot of CIGARS, TOYS, and small Musical Instruments, Tabor's and other celebrated Pencils, Gold Pens, Perfumery Extracts, Fancy Soaps, Teeth and H

WOLFE'S
LATIC
SCHNAPPS
LATIVE
IURETIC
SPEPTIC
G CORDIAL
S OF NEW JER-
NIA,
GROCERS AND PRIVATE
ply.
ery and Port Wine.
St. Croix Rum.
Irish Whisky.
OTTLES.
ation of the citizens of the
nes and Liquors, imported by
whose name is familiar in
the purity of his celebrated
e, in his letter to me, speak-
and Liquors, says: "I will
my standing as a merchant
city of New York, that all
bottle are pure as imported,
an be relied upon by every
the proprietor's name on the
nature of the certificate.—
ited to call and examine for
d by all Apothecaries and
. 832 Market St., Phila.
e Agent for Philadelphia.
New York Courier:
NEW YORK MERCHANT.—We
we citizens that there is one
physician, apothecary, and
purchase pure Wines and
of the best quality. We
ete description of this mer-
ough it will well repay any
dphia Wolfe's extensive ware-
ver street, and Nos. 17, 19
e stock of Schnapps on hand
have been less than thirty
nineteen thousand cases—Vin-
thousand cases of Madeira,
and Irish Whiskey, Jamaica
ld and equal to any in this
ge cellars, filled with Bran-
Custom-House key, ready for
Schnapps last year amounted
and dozen, and we hope in
equally successful with his
ange of every lover of his
ch pure Wines and Liquors
orders direct to Mr. Wolfe,
and make up their minds
om their shelves, and re-
and Liquors.
e, for the accommodation
puts up assorted cases of
, and such a merchant,
tens of thousands of oppo-
sell nothing but imitations,
and happiness.
AN
ETHING
AN EXPERI-
MALE PHYSICIAN, pro-
s her
G SYRUP,
TEETHING.
ess of teething, by soften-
mation will allay pain and
regulate the Bowels.
ill give rest to yourselves,
fants.
article for over ten years,
truth of it, what we have
her medicine—never has it
effect in cure, when timely
stance of dissatisfaction by
trary, all are delighted
terms of highest commen-
medical virtues. We speak
ce" after ten years' expe-
for the fulfilment of what
ry instance where the in-
exhaustion, relief will be
ttles after the syrup is ad-
the prescription of one of
al nurses in New England,
ailing success in thousands
fresh pain, but invigorates
ete acidity, and gives tone
. It will almost instantly
and Wind Colic, and over-
pedily remedies and in
and cured remedy in the
and Diarrhœa in children,
from any other cause—
who has a child suffering
aints—do not let your pre-
dices stand between your
it will be cure—yes, abso-
of this medicine, if timely
will accompany each bot-
fac-simile of CURTIS &
outside wrapper.
the world, and by G. W.
, Altoona. Price 25 cents
Cedar street, N. Y.
PEOPLE.
TURNED FROM
ment of the following ar-
offer to the citizens of Blair
and Music Store,
nia street, Altoona, Pa.,
ATIONERY
ks, Pass
ent
KS
or the township schools.
S, ACCORDEONS,
UTES, FIFES, &c. &c.,
, guitar and other strings,
al particular attention to
PIANO MUSIC, the latest
attention of the ladies. I
for almost every instru-
S. TOYS, and small Musi-
ther celebrated Pencils,
Fancy Soaps, Teeth and
Books, Ladies' Shopping
LES CAUGHLING, JR.
and News Depot
CAR, TOBACCO,
VARIETY
R E.
R CONTINUES to
the best literary papers and
hiladelphia, New York and
assortment of Books. All
e and vicinity always on
aries, and knick knacks
e best Tobacco & Segars
a fine assortment of Gold
nd other articles of Jewel-
H. FETTINGER.
No. 1 Altoona House.
T AT PRIVATE
nd Lot
D HOL-
CO., sit-
ted at
further
DYSART, President of the
[April 26, 1860.-tf.
L. KING, SHOE-
tic that he
the Tribune
he is pre-
ge of Wo-
, and in a substantial
[Mar. 15, '60.-tf.
MAKER—JOHN
rtion of the
, next door
announces
ts & Shoes
[Mar. 15, '60-tf.
OUSE AND LOT,
rough of Altoona. Apply
JOHN SHOEMAKER.
LARGE AND
ories have just been re
J. B. HILEMAN.

Altoona Tribune.

ALTOONA MAIL SCHEDULE.

MAILS CLOSE.

Eastern Way at	7 00 A.M.
Western " and Hollidaysburg,	7 00 A.M.
Western Through and Hollidaysburg,	6 30 P.M.
Eastern Through Mail	7 40 "

MAILS OPEN.

Hollidaysburg	7 10 A.M.
Western Through	7 15 "
Eastern Through Mail,	7 40 "
Hollidaysburg,	6 50 P.M.
Western Way,	8 10 P.M.
Eastern "	6 55 P.M.

Office open for the transaction of business from 6.30 A.M. to 9.00 P.M., during the week, and from 7.30 to 8.30 o'clock, on Sunday.

June 4, '57-tf] JOHN SHOEMAKER, P. M.

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

Express Train	East arrives 8.10 P.M.,	leaves	8.25 P.M.
"	" West " 7.40 A.M.	"	8.50 A.M.
Fast "	" East " 1.15 A.M.	"	1.30 A.M.
"	" West " 6.25 P.M.,	"	6.40 P.M.
Mail "	" East " 7.15 A.M.	"	7.30 A.M.
"	" West " 6.55 P.M.,	"	7.10 P.M.

The HOLLIDAYSBURG BRANCH connects with Express Train East and West, and Mail Train East and West.

INDIANA BRANCH TRAINS connect with Johnstown Accommodation Train East and West, Johnstown Way Train Eastward and Express Train Westward.

April 12, 1860. ENOCH LEWIS, *Gen'l Supt.*

LOCAL ITEMS.

DISTURBING MEETINGS.—The practice of disturbing meetings, whether they be of a religious, social or political character, is exceedingly reprehensible, and ever has been, and ever will be, condemned by all good citizens. That it is contrary to order and justice is fully established by the fact that the most stringent laws, imposing heavy penalties upon the guilty, have been enacted by our law-makers. Disturbing a meeting is, by the law, considered a breach of the peace, and the penalty attached to the offence, (which will be found in the 61st section of the revised Penal Laws of this State, passed last winter,) is a fine not exceeding $50 and imprisonment not exceeding three months, or both, or either, at the discretion of the Court. Freedom of thought and speech is the boast of our country; but it is neither justice, liberty, or doing to others as we would have others do to us, for one party to interrupt another while enjoying that which the law guarantees them. If the sentiments of those holding the meeting are not agreeable to us, we should stay away. No party ever did or ever will make anything by annoying their opponents while holding meetings. On the contrary, it engenders bad feeling between the members of different parties, creating a coolness between friends, which, when the excitement of the campaign is over, must be regretted by all. There is reason in all things, and if men would but act in accordance with their better judgments rather than obey the dictates of their excitable natures, which is too often mistaken for zeal for their party, they would do their party as much, if not more good, and leave less to regret afterwards. All parties are guilty, to a greater or less extent, of this reprehensible practice, and this is intended as much for one as another.

POLITICAL MEETINGS.—These seem to be the order of the day in this locality, and it is a question whether the thing is not being "run into the ground." We like to see men exhibit zeal in the cause of their party, but attending meetings two or three evenings in each week, and hearing the same story told over every time, is calculated to make it rather stale, and cool their ardor.

The Bell and Everett party held a meeting at Bell's Mills, on Thursday evening last, which was attended by the Club of this place, who chartered an excursion train for the occasion. Addresses were delivered by Es. Hammond, Esq., and others.

On Saturday evening last the same party held a meeting in front of the Post Office, in this place, at which there was a large attendance.—The "Fast Asleep" Club of this place, preceded by the Altoona Brass Band, and a similar Club from Hollidaysburg, preceded by Van Tries' Cornet Band, paraded the streets for some time previous to the meeting. Addresses were delivered by Mr. Lyon, of Bedford, Essington Hammond, G. W. Harris and M. H. Jolly, Esqs.

On Friday evening last, Gen. John Williamson delivered an address before the People's Party Club in their Club Room.

The meeting advertised to come off on last Monday evening, was postponed on account of the indisposition of Hon. John Hickman, who was to be the principal speaker.

A meeting of the People's Party Club of Logan township is to be held at Blair Furnace School House this (Thursday) evening, to be addressed by Hon. S. S. Blair and Col. L. W. Hall.

THE GOOD WILL.—The Good Will Fire Engine Company, of Philadelphia, passed through this place, on Friday evening last, on their way to visit the Firemen of Pittsburgh and Cincinnati. They had with them their new steam Fire Engine, but owing to the train, to which it was attached, arriving after dark our citizens did not get a view of it. We are pleased to announce that the Company intend stopping over a day in this place, on their return, next week, and will be the guests of the Good Will Fire Engine and Hose Company of this place. There will be a parade of both companies and a trial of the engines on the afternoon of the day the Philadelphia company is with us. The exact day of their return has not yet been fixed upon, but will be announced by posters as soon as positively known. Our citizens will then have an opportunity of seeing a good steam "squirt" and doing the agreeable to a very clever set of fellows, for such the city Good Will boys are said to be.

SEPTEMBER WEATHER.—The weather at this season is a little deceiving, and it is considerable of a risk, if not positive foolishness, to leave home for a day or night without taking an overcoat or heavy shawl. The first few days of this month were such as we might have looked for in July or August, but the second week was suggestive of overcoats and warm stoves. The chill came suddenly on Saturday night, and found the stoves quite unprepared for it. In the "Summer boarding houses" blankets were called for, but came not, consequently in such cases there was more shivering than sleeping. We have heard that there was frost in this region, but we did not see it. The Ebensburg papers say that snow fell in that region.

HUNTINGDON ENCAMPMENT.—The Huntingdon *Union* says that Gen. Lane has positive assurance that twenty-five companies will attend the encampment at that place, which commences on Monday next. Should this be the case, there will undoubtedly be a large crowd of people in the "Ancient Borough" next week, and ginger bread, "rattle-bolly pop," bad whiskey and eatables and drinkables generally will disappear rapidly. Hope our friends may have the good weather, and enjoy all the fun and pleasure they anticipate, and that we can find time to run down and see the "bumaladdies" on the "tented field" and "lassies" at the Fair.

AWFUL ACCIDENT.—A man named Morgan, whilst driving a load of shingles into Tipton, on Wednesday evening last, fell from his horse, and the wheels of the wagon passed over him, breaking his leg in several places, and crushing his head in a most shocking manner. Death ensued immediately. We are informed that he was a man of intemperate habits, and that at the time of the accident he was very much intoxicated. He leaves a family. A singular coincidence occurs by this accident. Last fall the same wagon that ran over Morgan was instrumental in the death of William Pruner, which occurred near Bald Eagle Furnace. Both were horrible affairs.—*Tyrone Star.*

☞ The editor of the Blair County *Whig* threatens to take down the name of Robert M. Messimer, the People's Party candidate for county Auditor, from the mast head of his paper, for the reason that Robert is Secretary of the Bell and Everett Minute Men Club in this place.—Well, we suppose Robert will feel bad about losing the support of the *Whig* and such a fat office as Auditor; but the editor of the *Whig* must remember that if he commences to cut the county ticket, others can do the same, and will do so, in a quarter where it will be felt more than his cutting the candidate for Auditor.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT.—A young lady named Mercer, a pupil at the Birmingham Seminary, met with a very serious accident on Tuesday afternoon of last week. In getting off the accommodation train at Birmingham, her hoops caught on the platform and she fell, precipitating herself to the bottom of a flight of steps that lead down from the railroad. She was severely injured on the head, and was carried to the seminary in an insensible condition. We are pleased to learn, however, that she is recovering.—*Tyrone Star.*

"TRANSMOGRIFIED."—The drug store heretofore occupied by G. W. Kessler, has been converted into a clothing and jewelry store, by our townsman, Mr. Daniel Laughman. It has been considerably enlarged, and Mr. L. has the shelves well filled with clothing of all descriptions, and a case stocked with good jewelry. He intends adding a new supply of goods in the course of a week or two, when he will be able to supply all who are in want of fall and winter clothing with as fashionable, serviceable and cheap goods as can be had at any establishment in the town.

ALTOONA, Sept. 10, 1860.

At a stated meeting of the Good Will Fire Engine and Hose Company, the following resolution was unanimously adopted and ordered to be published in the Altoona *Tribune:*

Resolved, That the thanks of this Company be tendered to Mr. Thomas P. Sargent, for the valuable and interesting present given by him to them, with the assurance that it will ever be retained as a mark of his esteem, and interest in the welfare of the Company.

W. W. SMITH, *Sec'y.*

PREPARING FOR THE SEASON.—Happening in at Mr. Shoemaker's establishment, at the Post Office, a few days since, we noticed he was receiving a car load of stoves, of all descriptions, with which to supply the inhabitants of this locality who are in need of an article of this kind. His stock embraces wood and coal cook stoves of numerous patterns, large and small egg stoves, plain and fancy parlor stoves of all kinds, and in fact a great variety as can be found in city establishments. Call and examine them.

HURRYING UP.—Those of our citizens who intend erecting houses this fall are now pushing them along as fast as possible. We hear the sound of the hammer in all directions around us, and observe a great amount of lumber passing to and fro through our streets. The steam planing mill is kept constantly going in preparing the lumber, and our streets are gradually being filled up on either side with neat and substantial houses.

ACCIDENT.—On Wednesday afternoon last, Stephen Potts, an employee in the R. R. shops, in this place, had the two middle fingers of his right hand amputated in a moment's time, between the first and second joints, by allowing them to come in contact with a circular saw about which he was working. His fingers were dressed by Dr. J. T. Christy, and are healing as rapidly as the nature of the wounds will admit.

LAID OUT.—On Tuesday afternoon last, a pitiable specimen of humanity, who had taken on a heavier "load of bricks" than he was able to carry, laid down to rest on the pavement in front of the Superintendent's office, and was apparently enjoying a comfortable snooze, when "old Joe" came along and kindly tendered him a bed on the soft side of a plank, in the "Lock Up." Whether the change was agreeable or not we have not learned.

ADMITTED.—We notice, by the Juniata county papers, that our former partner in this paper, Wm. M. Allison, Esq., has been admitted to practice law in the several Courts of that county. Bill has the necessary qualifications to make a successful practitioner, and we expect to see him rise high in his profession. We wish him plenty of *cases* and better paying ones than are generally found in printing offices.

GONE EAST.—A number of our merchants are now in the East laying in their fall supply of goods, the arrival of which will be duly chronicled in the "*Tribune*" for those who wish to dispose of their stock rapidly, as well as to let our readers know who has received the latest styles and sell the cheapest.

☞ Look out for the "big squirt," from Philadelphia, next week.

FIRST PREMIUM FOR PENMANSHIP.—The Western Pennsylvania Fair at Pittsburgh have just awarded W. H. Duff, the Professor of Penmanship in Duff's College, five first premiums, viz: for bold writing and flourishing; recording hand; pen drawing and pen lettering; off hand flourishing and writing; and for plain and ornamental card writing, proving his superiority in all departments of his art, as previously reported in the daily papers, viz.:

"He has proved himself to be a penman of the highest order."—*True Press.*

"His Uncle Tom's Cabin is a perfect gem of art."—*Morning Post.*

"Duff's College need fear no rivals hereafter in penmanship; these performances can never be excelled but by their author."—*Gazette.*

"His pen lettering and drawing surpass anything of the kind we have ever seen, and are certainly remarkable performances for so young an artist."—*Evening Chronicle.*

☞ The season of the "sere and yellow leaf" is now with us; the "melon-cholic days" are well nigh past, and the time for indulging in luscious bivalves has arrived. An excellent article of Cove Plant Oysters can always be had at Taylor's Saloon, next door to the Bank.

ENCAMPMENT.—The Military encampment at Williamsburg is now in blast. The Altoona Guards and Logan Rifle Rangers, of this place, left for the "tented field" yesterday. We hope they may have good weather and a "high old time of it."

PEN AND SCISSORS.

☞ The rose has its thorns, the diamond its specks, and the best man his failings.

☞ Increasing rapidly—the passenger business on the Pennsylvania Railroad.

☞ Wheat has declined to 60@65c, at St. Paul, Minnesota, and oats command but 18 to 20c., in that market.

☞ Have you played "put up stoves" this season yet? If so, did your pipe all fit, and did you keep your temper?

☞ Mr. George Bolinger, who had his foot severely crushed by the cars, some time since, is now able to walk about with the assistance of crutches.

☞ Six thousand dollars have been collected in California toward a monument over the remains of the late Senator Broderick.

☞ There have arrived at New York this season, from foreign ports, 68,850 emigrants, against a total of 51,440 for the corresponding period of 1859.

☞ The value of the cotton crop of the slave States this year will be $300,000,000, and the corn crop of the free States $300,000,000.

☞ Tyrone Division Sons of Temperance, hold a pic nic on the old camp ground, near that place, on Saturday next, 22d inst.

☞ A lad named Baldwin, was killed, on Friday last, by being run over by the cars at Gap Station, on the Pennsylvania Rail Road.

☞ Hon. Wm. Pennington, Speaker of the House of Representatives, has been nominated for re-election to Congress by the People's Party of New Jersey.

☞ Have you called at the new Clothing Store on Virginia street, in Kessler's old drug store? If not, drop in and see Daniel and David. They'll treat you right.

☞ Returns from forty-five counties in Minnesota gives a population of 114,214. The population of the whole State will not be less than 170,000. In 1849 it was not quite 5,000.

☞ About forty sheep belonging to Wesley Chambers, of Amwell township, Westmoreland county, were killed by dogs a few nights since. They were among the most valuable sheep in the county.

☞ The Dubuque *Herald* says that some of the ministers who have arrived at Dubuque to attend the Methodist Conference, walked in—some as far *as one hundred and fifty miles.*

☞ As a result of a recent revival in Wales, Mass., out of a population of 1,250, there were 1,000 members of different churches. This place was sometime since notorious for Sabbath breaking, profane swearing, &c.

☞ A passenger train running from Racine to Freeport, came in collision with a freight train at Delavan, Wis., on Friday night last, killing five persons and wounding twenty-five others, some it is feared fatally.

☞ The colored population of Philadelphia is from 20,000 to 25,000. They own property to the amount of nearly $5,000,000, and have churches and schools valued at from four hundred thousand to five hundred thousand dollars.

☞ The Hon. Geo. W. Summers, of Virginia, is out in a letter, taking strong ground against any attempt to carry the election of President into the House, in order to avoid the scenes of fraud and bribery that would naturally follow such an issue.

☞ A Constable of Harrisburg was indicted for obtaining money under false pretences, in an official capacity. He plead guilty and was sentenced to pay a fine of $10 and costs and undergo imprisonment in the county jail for four months.

☞ The State election in California was not to be held this year on the 5th of September, as has been generally announced in the papers, but on the 6th of November, the same day as the Presidential election. In years when no Presidential election is held, the State election takes place in September.

☞ Twenty-one head of fat cattle were recently stolen from the fields of two farmers, in Huntingdon county, by two men who gave their names as Smith, who drove the cattle to Shippensburg, where they sold them for $350.—The owners of the cattle followed and recovered them and captured the thieves, who are now in jail at Carlisle.

☞ Judge Taylor, at the recent court in Huntingdon county, decided that keeping a bagatelle table in the usual way in a licensed house, is a violation of the law prohibiting gambling. Those who keep bagatelle tables in their lager beer saloons may from this learn their fate should they ever come before Judge T. on such a charge.

☞ One day last week while Robert L. Campbell, of Cook tp., Westmoreland county, was loading some tan bark he was attacked by a large black snake, which succeeded in winding itself around one of his legs, but, by the assistance of his son, it was disengaged, and killed before it could do any harm. It measured nearly six feet.

☞ A young gentleman of Boston, who had a rich father and a rich mother, was lately left an orphan. His father demanded in his will that he shall marry no girl or woman whose feet exceed a certain size, and his mother demanded in hers that he shall marry no one whose hair is not of a certain color. He will probably have to advertise.

☞ Manchester, England, is the greatest manufacturing city in the world. It is stated that the steam force employed in its various mills and manufactories amounts to 1,200,000 horse power. To produce this enormous motive, 20,000 tons of coal are consumed every twenty-four hours, or 9,390,000 tons in the 313 working days of the year.

☞ A man named Nathaniel Carter, of Washington tp., Lawrence county, while putting a bridle on one of his horses, last week, got his hand bruised in some way, but deeming it a mere scratch, he paid no attention to the matter, but pursued his work next day as usual. Inflammation, however, set in, which speedily assumed a malignant character, and invading his body, proved fatal on the following Monday.

☞ A man named John Rice, attempted to murder his wife, last week, in Clinton county, by knocking her down and standing upon her head and breast. She was afterwards found in the laurel where he had dragged her, and is now slowly recovering. Rice was arrested and placed in jail at Lock Haven, where he committed suicide by cutting a long dash across his abdomen, tearing out his bowels and then cutting off his intestines.

☞ Three horses were stolen a few nights since from parties residing near Elderton, Armstrong county. Pursuit was immediately given, and the horses were all recovered on the following night, about six miles from Tarentum. The thief had stopped in the woods to feed the horses, and his pursuers coming upon him, he took to the woods on foot and escaped, leaving behind him the three horses, together with a large grey horse about six years old, and a buggy, stolen, no doubt, from some other person.

MARRIED:

At the Presbyterian Parsonage in this place, on the evening of the 17th inst., by Rev. A. B. Clark, Mr. WILLIAM MYERS to Miss ANNA JANE STEWART, all of Altoona.

DIED.

In Shellsburg, Bedford county, on the morning of the 6th inst., Mr. JOHN CLARK, father of Rev. A. B. Clark, of this place, in the 71st year of his age.

TWO SMALL HOUSES AND LOTS for sale. Apply to JOHN SHOEMAKER. Sept. 20, 1860-tf. At the Post Office.

CAUTION.—NOTICE IS HEREBY given to all persons not to harbor or trust my wife, SARAH JANE, she having left my bed and board without just cause or provocation, and I will pay no debts of her contracting after this date unless compelled by law. Sept. 20, 1860.-3t* SIMON WILT.

HOWELL & BOURKE, Manufacturers and Importers OF PAPER HANGINGS, *N. E. CORNER FOURTH AND MARKET STREETS,* PHILADELPHIA. Sept. 20, 1860.-3m

The Root and Herb Doctor, OF PHILADELPHIA, HAS LEFT for the Rocky Mountains, for a new supply of Roots. He will return again and can be consulted at John Wood's Hotel, Altoona, on the 21st day of November, and on the 19th day of December. Also, one day in each month for several months thereafter, notice of which will be given in this paper. DR. W. LIVINGSTON. Sept. 20, 1860.

ESTRAY.—Strayed away from the subscriber, residing in Altoona, on or about the 1st of September, a LARGE BRINDLE MULEY COW. A suitable reward will be given to any person who will return her to the owner, or give information where she may be found. W. K. LEONARD.

☞ Ebensburg *Mountaineer* and *Alleghenian* and Hollidaysburg *Standard* and *Whig* copy 2t and send bill to this office. [Sept. 20, 1860-2t.

NEW GROCERY AND LIQUOR STORE.—The undersigned would beg leave to announce to the citizens of Blair county and vicinity that he has opened his new Store *on Virginia street, three doors below the Superintendent's Office,* where he has just received from the East and West a large assortment of

Foreign and Domestic Liquors, consisting as follows:

French Otard Brandy, Cognac Brandy, Peach Brandy, Cherry Brandy, Old Burgundy Wine, Old Port Wine, Jamaica Rum, Holland Gins Old Rye Whiskey, Monongahela Whiskey, and Rhine Wine,

which he has himself imported. Retailers of Liquors and Farmers will find it to their advantage to buy of him, as he will sell at CITY PRICES.

He will also keep constantly on hand an assortment of

GROCERIES, *Such as Flour, Bacon, Salt, Fish, Tobacco, Segars, Syrup, Sugar, Coffee, &c., &c.*

All of which will be sold cheap for cash or Country Produce. Our friends and the public generally are respectfully invited to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere. LOUIS PLACK. Altoona, May 26, 1859.-tf

HEENAN AND SAYERS! JESSE SMITH, Would respectfully inform the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that he has just arrived from the city with a large and splendid stock of

HATS AND CAPS, OF ALL STYLES,

For Spring and Summer Wear, of every color and shape. Also, a good assortment of Misses and Children's Flats, MEN AND BOYS' STRAW HATS, of different varieties, all of which will be sold CHEAP FOR CASH.

Persons in want of anything in the above line, will please give me a call before purchasing elsewhere, as I am determined to sell at the very lowest possible prices. Store on Virginia street, opposite the Lutheran church. Altoona, May 3, 1860-tf. JESSE SMITH.

NEW GROCERY FEED AND PROVISION STORE. The subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that he has opened a store of the above kind, near the corner of Adaline and Julia streets, East Altoona, where he will keep constantly on hand a full supply of everything in his line. His

GROCERIES

are all fresh and will be sold at prices as low as those of any other establishment in town. His stock of provisions, consisting of

Flour, Hams, Shoulders, Side &c.

will be sold a little cheaper than they can be bought any where else. His Flour is obtained from the best mills in the Western part of the State, and is warranted to be what it is represented.

All kinds of Feed for horses, cows and hogs, always on hand.

I intend to keep such an assortment that I shall at all times be able to supply my customers with whatever they may call for, and I intend also to sell at prices which will make it a saving to those who patronize my store. July 22, 1858-3m. HENRY BELL.

MILLINERY AND TRIMMING STORE.—MISS JENNIE SCOTT respectfully announces to the ladies of Altoona and vicinity that she is now prepared to supply all their wants in the Millinery and Trimming line. She has on hand an excellent assortment of

SPRING AND SUMMER BONNETS, STRAW AND LACE GOODS, FLOWERS & RUCHES, RIBBANDS AND TRIMMINGS,

to which she invites the attention of the ladies. She has also one of Mrs. C. C. Dow's patent

HAT AND BONNET PRESSING MACHINE, and is therefore enabled to do work in this line in a superior manner, on short notice, and at reasonable prices. She invites a call. [April 12, 1860.-tf.

S. M. WOODKOK. ATTORNEY AT LAW, ALTOONA, BLAIR CO., PA.,

WILL PRACTICE IN THE SEVERAL Courts of Blair, Cambria and Huntingdon counties. Having had several years experience in the practice of the Law, he expects to merit public patronage. Office on Virginia Street, in the room lately occupied by Maj. Leet, Esq. [Sept. 6, 1860.-tf.

J. D. LEET, ATTORNEY AT LAW ALTOONA, BLAIR Co, Pa. Will practice law in the several Courts of Blair, Cambria, Huntingdon, Clearfield, Centre and adjoining counties.—Also in the District Court of the United States. Collections of claims promptly attended to. Agent for the sale of Real Estate, Bounty Land Warrants, and all business pertaining to conveyancing and the Law.

REFERENCES: Hon. Wilson McCandless and Andrew Burke, Esq., Pittsburgh; Hon. Samuel A. Gilmore, Pres. Judge of Fayette Judicial District; Hon. Chevaral Clemens, of Wheeling, Va.; Hon Henry D. Foster, Greensburg; Hon. John W. Killinger, Lebanon; Hon. Wm. A. Porter, Philadelphia; and Hon. George P. Hamelton, Pittsburg. June 16, 1859-1y.

DRS. CONRAD & CAMERON RESPECTFULLY offer their professional services to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity. Office on Railroad street, two doors east of the Red Lion Hotel, where they may be consulted at all hours, except when professionally engaged. Sept. 6, 1860.-tf.

M. WILMOT, TEACHER OF FRENCH AND DRAWING, may be found at Dr. Vickroy's, on Emma street. Best reference given. [Sept. 13, 1860-1m.

FLOUR.—A CHOICE LOT OF EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR for sale by STEWART & THOMPSON. Sept. 13, 1860-tf.] One Door Below the Post Office.

UNITED STATES LIFE INSURANCE Company. Agency, Anna Street, Altoona. March 17, 1859 JOHN SHOEMAKER, Agent.

BLANKS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS neatly and expediciously executed at this office.

SPECTACLES AND EYE PRESERVERS for sale at [1-tf.] KESSLER'S.

BUY YOUR BOOTS & SHOES At the People's Shoe Store. STEWART & THOMPSON

Take pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Altoona and surrounding country that they have just received, at their store on Annie street, two doors below the Post Office, a large and handsome assortment of BOOTS, SHOES and GAITERS, for Ladies, Gentlemen and Children's wear, of all sizes and kinds. Their stock is of neat finish and excellent manufacture, which they will sell for CASH only, at least 25 PER CENT. CHEAPER than the same can be purchased elsewhere—as will be seen by referring to the following price list:—

Men's fine calf Boots,	$3 25 to $3 50
Men's fine kip Boots,	2 75 to 3 25
Boy's kip Boots,	1 75 to 2 00
Youths' "	1 75
Men's Calf Gaiters,	2 00
Men's Oxford Ties,	1 62 to 2 00
Men's Brogan's,	1 12 to 1 65
Boys' Brogans,	75 to 1 20
Youths' Shoes,	62 to 87
Children's Shoes,	25 to 65
Ladies' Congress Gaiters,	1 50 to 1 55
Ladies' Lasting Gaiters with heels,	1 37 to 1 50
Ladies' Superior Lasting Gaiters,	1 85
Ladies' Morocco Boots with heels,	1 30 to 1 55
Ladies' Morocco Boots without heels,	1 25 to 1 37
Ladies' Goat Boots with heels,	1 25
Ladies' Calf Boots with heels,	1 20 to 1 25
Misses' Calf Boots with heels,	75 to 1 00
Misses' French Morrocco Boots, with heels,	1 25

Having bought our goods for cash, they were put at the lowest figure, and by doing an exclusively cash business customers are not made to pay for bad debts hence our low prices.

And if you want a good and fashionable Boot or Shoe made, leave your measure and they will have it made at short notice. Repairing done in the neatest manner, and on reasonable terms.

We respectfully solicit a liberal share of public favor. Sept. 13, 1860.-tf.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!! AT R. A. O. KERR'S.

R. A. O. Kerr has just received the largest, most fashionable and best selected stock of Goods in the market, consisting of an endless variety of goods for men and boys' wear.

The largest and best assortment of Ladies' Dress Goods in town, consisting of black and fancy Silks, all Wool Delaines, Alpacas, Challie Delaines, plain and figured Braize, Lawns, Ginghams, Ducals, Lavella Cloths, De Barge, Travelling Dress Goods, and a beautiful assortment of Prints, &c. Also, Tickings, Checks, Muslins—Black and Unbleached, Cotton and Linen Table Diaper, Crash, Nankeen, &c.

Also, a large assortment of Ladies' Collars, Dress Trimmings, Ribbons, Gloves, Gauntlets, Mitts, Hosiery, Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs, Neck Ties, Veils, Barred and Plain Jaconet, Swiss Muslins, Victoria Lawns, Mill Muslins, Swiss and Cambric Edging, Dimity Bands, Velvet Ribbons, &c. Also, a fine assortment of

SPRING SHAWLS, AND Ladies' Black Silk Summer Cloaks, Neat and Beautiful,

Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps,

Hardware, Queensware, Wood and Willow Ware, Groceries, Salt and Fish. Also, the Largest and Best Assortment of Fancy

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS

in town, which will be sold cheap.

Call and examine my goods, and you will be convinced that I have the best assortment and cheapest goods in the market.

The Celebrated Berea Grind Stones, always on hand.

☞ Country produce taken in exchange for goods, at the highest market price. R. A. O. KERR. April 26, '60.

Cheap Goods! Cheap Goods!! AT McCORMICK'S STORE.

JUST ARRIVED, AND NOW BEING OPENED, a large stock of SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, of all the late styles and qualities in the Eastern market. In the line of

LADIES' DRESS AND DOMESTIC GOODS,

we cannot be surpassed by any house in the place. Our stock of GROCERIES, such as

COFFEE, SUGAR, TEA, SYRUPS, &c.,

are of the best kind, and all fresh.

HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, HATS, CAPS, BONNETS, FLATS FOR LADIES AND MISSES,

together with as full assortment of

GENTLEMEN & BOYS' DRESS BOOTS, BOOTEES AND GAITERS.

In the Ladies' Department, are all the different and latest styles of

GAITERS, BOOTS, BUSKIN AND SLIPPERS,

together with a general assortment for Children & Misses, and a good and full stock of

GENTLEMENS', BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING,

for Spring and Summer. The largest assortment of

WALL PAPER

ever brought to the place, and being unprecedently low, from 6¼ up to 25 cents per roll, with Borderings to match.

And as we purpose henceforth to give the business our special attention, we will sell very low for cash or country produce, and will take in exchange, as usual; *Butter, Eggs, Lard, Tallow, Potatoes, Beeswax, &c.* Thankful for past patronage, we hope, by a strict adherence to business, to our old motto, "*Small profits and quick sales,*" to retain our customers old and gain many new ones. May 3, 1860.

The Latest from the East!! THE PROPRIETORS OF THE "MODEL STORE," corner of Annie and Virginia Streets, take pleasure in informing the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that they have received their first stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

to which they respectfully invite the attention of all, and particularly the ladies, feeling confident that our present Stock of Goods is well worth an examination, and believing also that we have bought them on such terms as will enable us to offer inducements to purchasers. Our stock of Dry Goods is large and varied, comprising all the newest styles of

Prints, Delaines, Debeges, Lavellas, Poil de Chevres, Ginghams, Jonjores, Challies, Travelling Mixtures, Black and Fancy Silks, together with a full line of Domestics. We have a large assortment of Notions and Fancy articles, such as Gloves, Hosiery, Mitts, &c., &c.

Our stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES

is unusually large and very cheap. In these goods we can not be beat by any one either in quality or price, for proof of which please call and see goods and prices.

We would invite attention to our large stock of CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, WALL PAPER AND BORDER, which we are able to sell at greatly reduced prices. We have also a good assortment of HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, WOODEN AND WILLOW-WARE, GROCERIES.

Being truly thankful for the patronage heretofore received from the public, we cordially invite our friends to call and see us again, hoping that the benefit may be mutual. Apr. 12, 1860. J. & J. LOWTHER.

GROCERY, PROVISION, AND WHOLESALE LIQUOR STORE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD INFORM the public that he has purchased the interest of A. MILLIRON in the Grocery and Provision Store heretofore kept by them on Virginia street, below Caroline St., where he will continue the business, and will keep constantly on hand a large supply of

FLOUR, HAMS, SHOULDERS, SIDES, DRIED BEEF, FISH, SALT, MOLASSES, COFFEE, TEA, SUGAR, SPICES, CONFECTIONARIES,

and everything usually kept in Grocery and Provision Stores, all of which he receives fresh from the eastern and western cities, and will sell at the most reasonable prices.

Having recently obtained license to sell liquor by wholesale, I will keep constantly on hand a large assortment of liquors of the best qualities to be had.

I respectfully solicit a share of public custom. July 12, 1860-3m. J. BERKOWITZ.

NEW WALL PAPER! P. MARSHALL ANNOUNCES to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that he has for sale

Cheap Wall Paper,	from 6	cts to	10	cts.
do	do	do 10	do	12½ "
Glazed	do	do 20	do	$1,00
Panel Oak	do	do 12½	do	50 cts.
Gold	do	do 50	do	$2,00
Gold and Velvet		do $1,50	do	5,00

AT THE STRIPED FRONT, NO 87 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH. Sept. 13, 1860-2m.

D. B. GOOD, M. D. J. M GEMMILL, M. D

DRS. GOOD & GEMMILL HAVING entered into Partnership in the Practice of Medicine, respectfully tender their services to the Public in the several branches of their Profession. Calls will be answered either day or night at their office—which is the same as heretofore occupied by Drs. Hirst & Good,—or at the Logan House. April 21st, 1859-3m

J. G. ADLUM, NOTARY PUBLIC, ALTOONA, BLAIR CO., PA.

Can at all times be found at the store of J. B. Hileman. October 1, 1857.

THE ONLY PREPARATION THAT HAS STOOD THE TEST OF YEARS AND GROWS MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY!

And testimonials, new and almost without number might be given from ladies and gentlemen in all grades of society, whose united testimony none could resist, that Professor Wood's Hair Restorative will restore the bald and gray, and preserve the hair of the youth to old age, in all its youthful beauty.

BATTLE CREEK, Mich., Dec. 21st, 1859.

PROF. WOOD:—Thee will please accept a line to inform thee that the hair on my head all fell off over twenty years ago, caused by a complicated chronic disease, attended with an eruption on the head. A continual course of suffering through life having reduced me to a state of dependence, I have not been able to obtain stuff for caps, neither have I been able to do them up, in consequence of which my head has suffered extremely from cold. This induced me to pay Briggs & Hodges almost the last cent I had on earth for a two dollar bottle of thy Hair Restorative about the first of August last. I have faithfully followed the directions and the bald spot is now covered with hair thick and black, though short, it is coming in all over my head. Feeling confident that another large bottle would restore it entirely and permanently, I feel anxious to persevere in its use, and being destitute of means to purchase any more, I would ask thee if thee wouldst not be willing to send me an order on thine agents for a bottle, and receive to thyself the scripture declaration—"the reward is to those that are kind to the widow and the fatherless." Thy friend, SUSANNAH KIR

SAVING FUND.

National SAFETY TRUST Company.

SAVING FUND.—NATIONAL SAFETY TRUST COMPANY.—CHARTERED BY THE STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA.

RULES.

1. Money is received every day, and in any amount, large or small.

2. FIVE PER CENT. interest is paid for money from the day it is put in.

3. The money is always paid back in GOLD, whenever it is called for, and without notice.

4. Money is received from *Executors, Administrators, Guardians*, and others who desire to have it in a place of perfect safety, and where interest can be obtained for it.

5. The money received from depositors is invested in REAL ESTATE, MORTGAGES, GROUND-RENTS, and such other first class securities as the Charter directs.

6. Office Hours—Every day from 9 till 3 o'clock, and on Mondays and Thursdays till 8 o'clock in the evening.

HON. H. L. BENNER, President.
ROBERT SELFRIDGE, Vice President.
W. J. REED, Secretary.

DIRECTORS.

HENRY L. BENNER, EDWARD L. CARTER, ROBERT SELFRIDGE, SAMUEL K. ASHTON, C. LANDRETH MUNNS, FRANCIS LEE, F. CARROLL BREWSTER, JOSEPH B. BARRY, JOSEPH YERKES, HENRY DITTENDERFER.

Office: Walnut Street, S. W. Corner of Third St. Philadelphia. April 14th, '60-1y.

LOTTERIES,

WOOD, EDDY & CO.'S

AUTHORIZED BY THE STATES OF

DELAWARE, MISSOURI AND KENTUCKY,

Draw daily, in public, under the superintendence of Sworn Commissioners, at Wilmington, Delaware, and St. Louis, Missouri.

☞ The Managers' Offices are located at Wilmington, Delaware, and St. Louis, Mo.

Prizes vary from $2½ TO $100,000!

☞ Circulars, giving full Explanation and the Schemes to be drawn, will be sent, free of expense, by addressing

WOOD, EDDY & CO., St. Louis, Mo.
or, WOOD, EDDY & CO., Wilmington, Delaware.

January 5, 1860.-1y

MARIA L. DE PEYSTER MEMORIAL SCHOOL.—This institution, which is located in Altoona, Blair County, Penn'a, will be opened on the 1st MONDAY in MAY. It is intended as a permanent School; and will connect with it a Male & Female Department. In the Male department, young men will be instructed with a view to their entering the advanced classes of our best Colleges; or, if desired, their education completed. In the Female department, instruction will be given in any, or all of the different branches, either *solid or ornamental*, taught in our best Female Seminaries.

The year will be divided into two Sessions of five months each—the Summer Session to commence on the 1st Monday of May, ending on the last Wednesday of September—the Winter Session to commence on the 1st Monday in November, ending on the last Wednesday of March. The Sessions will be divided into two quarters of eleven weeks each. Terms, per quarter, as follows—viz.:

SOLID BRANCHES.

Primary (including Reading, Writing, Orthography, Arithmetic, Grammar, and Geography, &c.) $4,00
Advanced (Including the Natural Sciences, Mathematics, Mental and Moral Philosophy, Logic, the Languages and Composition &c.) $5,00

EXTRA, OR ORNAMENTAL BRANCHES.

Music (Including use of instrument) $10,00
Drawing, $5,00
Painting (In Water Colors) 3.00
Needle work, 2.00
Instructions in vocal music gratis. One half the above charges, to be paid invariably in advance.

R. W. OLIVER, *Superintendent Male Dep't.*
A. B. CLARK, " *Female* "
Mr. ——, *Principal of Male* "
Miss C. M. CLARK, " *Female* "

March 10, 1859.-tf

Stoves, Tin & Sheet Iron Ware,

SPOUTING, &C.

JAS. W. RIGG WOULD RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that he keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of *Cooking, Parlor, Office and Shop Stoves*, of all styles and sizes, to suit the wants of all, which he will sell at low prices, on reasonable terms.

He also keeps on hand a large stock of *Tin and Sheet-Iron Ware*, consisting of all articles for culinary purposes—*Coal Scuttles, Store Pipes, &c.*

He has also purchased the right of sale in Blair county, of R. V. JONES'

IMPROVED SAUSAGE STUFFER,

an invention which needs only to be seen to be appreciated and should be possessed by every farmer, butcher or those requiring such a machine.

☞ Particular attention paid to putting up SPOUTING, either in town or country. Spouting painted and put up on the most reasonable terms. [april 14, 1859-1y

RAIL ROAD LANDS FOR SALE,

ON LONG CREDIT

AND AT LOW RATES OF INTEREST

THE HANIBAL AND ST. JOSEPH RAILROAD COMPANY, having over 600,000 ACRES of LAND lying in the State of Missouri, which was granted, by Act of Congress, to aid in the construction of their Road, offer the principal portion thereof, for sale, on the most liberal terms.

The greater part of these lands are within six and all within fifteen miles of the Railroad, which is now completed, and open for use throughout its entire length (206 miles,) and runs through a country which is unsurpassed by any in the salubrity of its climate, the fertility of its soil, and the extent of its mineral resources.

For further information, apply at the Land office of the Company, or address by letter,

JOSIAH HUNT,
Land Commissioner, *H. & St. Jo. R. R.*

Hannibal, Mo. Feb. 2, '60.-1y.

THE GREAT QUESTION WHICH now agitates the mind of every person is, where can I get the best article for my money? In regard to other matters, the subscriber would not attempt to direct, but if you want anything in the line of

BOOTS OR SHOES

he invites an examination of his stock and work.

He keeps constantly on hand an assortment of Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Slippers, &c., which he offers at fair prices.

He will give special attention to custom work, all of which will be warranted to give satisfaction. None but the best workmen are employed

Remember my shop is on Virginia street, immediately opposite Kessler's Drug Store.

September 3, '57-tf JOHN H. ROBERTS.

AT THE OLD STAND!!

THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD INFORM the public that he has just received from the East a splendid assortment of

CLOTHS AND VESTINGS,

FOR SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING,

which he will make to order on short notice and reasonable terms, and warrants to give satisfaction. Persons in want of anything in his line can rely upon being fairly dealt with.

☞ Shop on Main St., a few doors below the "Red Lion Hotel." [May 24, 1860.

MORE LIGHT! MORE LIGHT!

Just arrived at the store of A. Roush, a splendid lot of a No. 1, Carbon Oil, which he will sell at 37 cts per quart, also a lot of Carbon Oil Lamps of Jones Patent which are warranted to be superior to any other kind.

Altoona, Nov. 24, '59-tf.

B. F. ROYER, M. D.,

Offers his professional services to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity.

This last of residence can be given if required.

Office at residence on Branch street, East Altoona, three doors above Cozrad's Store. April 28 '59-1y.

PURE WHITE LEAD AND ZINC Paint, also Chrome, Green, Yellow, Paris Green, dry in ground oil at [1-tf.] KESSLER'S

PROF. L. MILLER'S

HAIR INVIGORATOR!!

AN EFFECTIVE, SAFE AND ECONOMICAL COMPOUND.

FOR RESTORING GRAY HAIR to its original color without dyeing, and preventing the hair from turning gray.

FOR PREVENTING BALDNESS, and curing it, when there is the least particle of vitality or recuperative energy remaining.

FOR REMOVING SCURF AND DANDRUFF, and all cutaneous affections at the Scalp.

FOR BEAUTIFYING THE HAIR, imparting to it an unequalled gloss and brilliancy, making it soft and silky in its texture and causing it to curl readily.

The great celebrity and the increasing demand for this unequalled preparation, convince the proprietor that one trial is only necessary to satisfy a discerning public of its superior qualities over any other preparation at present in use. It cleanses the head and scalp from *dandruff* and *other cutaneous diseases*, causes the hair to grow luxuriently, and gives it a rich, soft, glossy flexible appearance, and also where the hair is loosening and thining, it will give strength and vigor to the roots, and *restore* the growth to those parts which have become bald, causing it to yield a *fresh covering of hair*.

There are hundreds of ladies and gentlemen in New York who have had their hair restored by the use of this Invigorator, when all other preparations had failed. L. M. has in his possession letters immeasurable testifying to the above facts, from persons of the highest respectability. It will effectually prevent the *hair from turning gray* until the latest period of life; and in cases where the hair has already changed its color, the use of the Invigorator will with certainty *restore it to its original hue*, giving it a dark, glossy appearance. As a perfume for the toilet and a Hair Restorative it is particularly recommended, having an agreeable fragrance; and the great facilities it affords in *dressing the hair*, which, when once set with the Invigorator can be dressed in any required form so as to preserve its place, whether plain or in curls—hence the great demand for it by the ladies as a *standard toilet article* which none ought to be without, as the price places it within the reach of all, being

ONLY 25 CENTS

per bottle, to be had at all respectable druggists and perfumers.

L. MILLER would call the attention of Parents and Guardians to the use of the Invigorator, in cases where the childrens' Hair inclines to be weak. The use of it lays the foundation for a *good head of hair*, as it removes any impurities that may have become connected with the scalp, the removal of which is necessary both for the health of the child, and the future appearance of its Hair.

CAUTION.—None genuine without the fac simile LOUIS MILLER being on the outer wrapper; also, L. MILLER'S HAIR INVIGORATOR, N. Y. blown in the glass.

Wholesale Depot, 56 Dey St., New York, and by all the principal Merchants and Druggists throughout the world.

Liberal discount to purchasers by the quantity.

I also desire to present to the American Public my

New and Improved Instantaneous

LIQUID HAIR DYE

which after years of scientific experimenting I have brought to perfection. It dyes Black or Brown instantly without injury to the Hair or Skin, warranted the best article of the kind in existence.

Price, Only 50 Cents.

Aug. 23, '60-1y. Depot, 56 Dey St., New York.

EXCHANGE HOTEL.—THE SUBSCRIBER would respectfully inform the public that he has recently refitted the above Hotel, and is now prepared to accommodate his friends and patrons in a comfortable manner, and he will spare no pains in making it an agreeable home for all sojourners. His Table will always be luxuriously supplied from the markets of the country and cities, and his Bar filled with liquors of choice brands. His charges are as reasonable as those of any other Hotel in the place, and he feels satisfied they can not be complained of by those who favor him with their custom. Expecting to receive a share of public patronage, and fully intending to deserve it, he throws open his house to the public and invites a trial.

I have just received a stock of No. 1 French Brandy, for medicinal purposes.

Also a large stock of excellent Wines, for medicinal purposes, together with a lot of the best old Rye Whiskey to be found in the country.

Altoona, May 27, 1859.-1y] JOHN BOWMAN.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION, PHILADELPHIA.

A Benevolent Institution established by Special Endowment, for the Relief of the Sick and Distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Epidemic Diseases, and especially for the Cure of Diseases of the Sexual Organs.

Medical Advice given gratis, by the Acting Surgeon, to all who apply by letter, with a description of their condition, (age, occupation, habits of life, &c.,) and in cases of extreme poverty, Medicines furnished free of charge.

VALUABLE REPORTS on Spermatorrhœa, and other diseases of the Sexual Organs, and on the NEW REMEDIES employed in the Dispensary, sent to the afflicted in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Two or three Stamps for postage will be acceptable.

Address, DR. J. SKILLON HOUGHTON, Acting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. By order of the Directors.

EZRA D. HEARTWELL, *Pres't.*
GEO. FAIRCHILD, *Sec'y.* [Jan. 19, '60.-1y

GLENN'S

ONE PRICE HAT AND CAP STORE,

(CORNER OF THE FIVE STORY BLOCK,)

North West Corner of Eighth and Race Streets, PHILADELPHIA.

THE PUBLIC ARE RESPECTFULLY invited to bear in mind that at this Store may be found an assortment of fashionable and handsome

Moleskin Dress Hats, Soft Hats,

High, Low and Medium Depth Crown, Cloth and Glazed Caps, Plush and Plush Trimmed Caps for Men and Boys, Fancy Hats and Caps for Children,

at Fair Prices.

☞ NO TWO PRICES FOR REGULAR GOODS. ☜

Jan. 12, 1860.-1y

RED LION HOTEL,

ALTOONA, BLAIR COUNTY, PA.

This old established and popular HOTEL, located nearly opposite the place of stopping the passenger cars in Altoona, has passed into the hands of the present proprietor.—Long experience in the business warrants me in assuring the travelling public that no pains will be spared to render guests as comfortable as possible while sojourning under my roof.

The TABLE will constantly be supplied with the very best the market affords.

The BAR will be found to contain an excellent assortment of LIQUORS of all kinds, including that choice beverage *LAGER BEER.*

The STABLE is in charge of an excellent and experienced Ostler.

The proprietor hopes, by his long experience in the busines and the facilities at his command, to make the Red Lion, in all respects, a first class Hotel. The business of the Hotel will be under my own personal supervision. A liberal share of public patronage is kindly solicited.

JOHN W. SCHWEIGERT, *Proprietor.*

May 19, 1859.-tf

TO THE PUBLIC.—THE SUBSCRIBER (having taken the establishment heretofore owned by Samuel I. Fries,) would respectfully announce to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity, that he has removed his

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

TIN, SHEET-IRON WARE & STOVE STORE,

to the new building on Annie street, between Harriet and Adeline streets, East Altoona, where he will keep constantly on hand a large assortment of everything in his line, which he will dispose of on reasonable terms.

ROOFING & SPOUTING

put up on short notice. He also manufactures LEADED Iron Spouting, which is said to be much superior to galvanized sheet-iron or tin.

He has also attached a copper-smithing room to his establishment and will keep on hand an assortment of copper and brass kettles, &c.

All kinds of job work promptly attended to.

A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

STEPHEN WINTERS.

Altoona, Aug. 16th, 1860.

SAMUEL EWART. WM. M. GORMLY. WM. DUBBY

W. M. GORMLY & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

DEALERS IN

FLOUR, GRAIN, SEEDS, BACON, MESS PORK, DRIED BEEF, SUGAR-CURED HAMS, CHEESE, IRON, NAILS, GLASS, &c., &c.

NO. 271 LIBERTY STREET,

OPPOSITE EAGLE HOTEL,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

May 10, 1860.-3m.

Bakery and Grocery Store.

THE SUBSCRIBER KEEPS CONSTANTLY on hand

Fresh-Baked Bread, Cakes, &c.

FEED, BACON, FLOUR,

GROCERIES,

Also, a choice lot of SEGARS and TOBACCO.

JACOB RINK,

Nov. 10. Virginia Street, below Annie Street.

MEDICATED FUR CHEST PROTECTOR, A SAFE SHIELD AGAINST THOSE fearful diseases Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and other affections of the Lugs, which arise from the exposed state of the chest, *according to fashion* and the continual changes of our Climate, for sale at the Drug Store of G. W. KESSLER.

MOFFAT'S

LIFE PILLS and PHŒNIX BITTERS.

THESE MEDICINES HAVE NOW been before the public for a period of thirty years, and during that time have maintained a high character in almost every part of the globe, for their extraordinary and immediate power of restoring perfect health to persons suffering under every kind of disease to which the human frame is liable.

The following are among the distressing variety of human diseases in which the

VEGETABLE LIFE MEDICINES

are well known to be infallible.

DYSPEPSIA, by thoroughly cleansing the first and second stomachs, and creating a flow of pure, healthy bile, instead of the stale and acrid kind; FLATULENCY, Loss or Appetite, Heartburn, Headache, Restlessness, Ill Temper, Anxiety, Languor, and Melancholy, which are the general symptoms of Dyspepsia, will vanish, as a natural consequence of its cure.

COSTIVENESS, by cleansing the whole length of the intestines with a solvent process, and without violence; all violent purges leave the bowels costive within two days.

FEVERS of all kinds, by restoring the blood to a regular circulation, through the process of respiration in such cases, and the thorough solution of all intestinal obstruction in others.

The Life Medicines have been known to cure RHEUMATISM permanently in three weeks, and GOUT in half that time, by removing local inflammation from the muscles and ligaments of the joints.

DROPSIES of all kinds, by freeing and strengthening the kidneys and bladder; they operate most delightfully on these important organs, and hence have ever been found a certain remedy for the worst cases of GRAVEL.

Also WORMS, by dislodging from the turnings of the bowels the slimy matter to which those creatures adhere.

SCURVY, BLOTCHES, and INVETERATE SORES, by the perfect purity which these LIFE MEDICINES give to the blood, and all the humors.

SCORBUTIC ERUPTIONS and BAD COMPLEXIONS, by their alterative effect upon the fluids that feed the skin, and the morbid state of which occasions all eruptive complaints, sallow, cloudy, and other disagreeable complexions.

The use of these Pills for a very short time will effect an entire cure of SALT RHEUM, and a striking improvement in the clearness of the skin. COMMON COLDS and INFLUENZA will always be cured by one dose, or by two in the worst cases.

PILES.—The original proprietor of these medicines, was cured of Piles, of 35 years standing, by the use of the Life Medicines alone.

FEVER & AGUE.—For this scourge of the Western country, these medicines will be found a safe, speedy and certain remedy. Other medicines leave the system subject to a return of the disease—a cure by these medicines is permanent—by trial we are satisfied, and be cured.

BILLIOUS FEVERS and LIVER COMPLAINTS.—General debility, loss of appetite and diseases of females—the medicines have been used with the most beneficial results in cases of this description:—Kings Evil and Scrofula, in its worst forms, yields to the mild yet powerful action of these remarkable Medicines. Night Sweats, Nervous Debility, Nervous Complaints of all kinds. Palpitation of the Heart, Painters' Colic, are speedily cured.

MERCURIAL DISEASES.—Persons whose constitutions have become impaired by the injudicious use of Mercury, will find these medicines a perfect cure, as they never fail to eradicate from the system all the effects of Mercury, infinitely sooner than the most powerful preparation of Sarsaparilla.

Prepared and sold by W. B. MOFFAT.
335 Broadway, New York.
For sale by all Druggists. [Sept. 13, 1860-1y.

MARRIAGE GUIDE—BEING A private instructor for married persons, or those about to be married both male and female, in everything concerning the physiology and relations of our system, and the production or prevention of offspring, including all the new discoveries never before given in the English language, by WM. YOUNG, M. D. This is really a valuable and interesting work. It is written in plain language for the general reader, and is illustrated with numerous Engravings.—All married people, or those contemplating marriage, and having the least impediment to married life, should read this book. It discloses secrets that every one should be acquainted with; still it is a book that must be looked up, and not lie about the house. It will be sent to any one on the receipt of twenty-five cents in specie or in postage stamps Address DR. WM. YOUNG, No. 416 Spruce Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

☞ AFFLICTED AND UNFORTUNATE—No matter what may be your disease, before you place yourself under the care of any one of the notorious quacks—native or foreign—who advertise in this or any other paper, get a copy of either of Dr. Young's Books, and read it carefully. It will be the means of saving you many a dollar, your health and possibly your life.

DR. YOUNG can be consulted on any of the diseases described in his publications, at his Office, No. 416 Spruce St. above Fourth. [Apr. 12, '60.-1yeow.

PATENT KEROSENE OR CARBON OIL LAMPS!

Unrivaled in Beauty, Simplicity Safety or Economy.

Every person desiring to obtain the very best and cheapest portable light within their reach, should call at the store of the undersigned and examine these Lamps before purchasing elsewhere, and we pledge ourselves to demonstrate

1st. That NO ACCIDENT can occur by explosion.
2d. That they emit no offensive odor while burning.
3d. That they are very easily trimmed.
4th. That they are easily regulated to give more or less light.
5th. That they burn entirely free from smoke.
6th. That the light is at least 50 per cent. cheaper than any other light now in common use.

These lamps are admirably adapted for the use of Students, Mechanics, Seamstresses, Factories, Halls, Churches, Stores, Hotels, and are highly recommended for family use.

The burner of the Carbon Oil Lamp can be attached to old side, hanging and table fluid and oil lamps, at a small expense, and will answer every purpose of a new lamp.

We guarantee perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Aug. 19, 1858-tf] G. W. KESSLER.

THE GREEN BOOK. JUST PUBLISHED, 150 PAGES, PRICE 25 Cents; On Single and Married life; or, the Institution of Marriage: its Intent, Obligations, and Physical and Legal Disbnalifications; the *rational* treatment of all private diseases in both sexes, &c. To which is added a poetical essay, entitled "*Childopædia*;" or the art of having and rearing beautiful and healthy children, by the *late* ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, Esq.—M. D.

Sent free of postage, by the Publishers, CHAS. KLINE & Co., Box 4586, New York, or *Dexter & Co.*, Wholesale agents 113 Nassau Street, New York. *Agents wanted everywhere.*

Also, GRATIS, an extract and sample of the above entitled: *Dr. Culverwell's Lecture* on the rational treatment of Spermatorrhœa and private diseases generally, detailing the means by which invalids may effectually cure themselves without the use of dangerous medicines, and at but little expense to themselves. Sent free by mail in a secure envelope, on the receipt of one stamp, to prepay postage, by addressing, CHAS. KLINE & CO.

Feb. 22, 1859. Box 4586, New York City.

HOUSE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTING.—MESSRS. KEYS & WALSH respectfully announce to the public that they are prepared to do all kinds of

HOUSE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTING, in a workmanlike manner and at low prices. They also keep constantly on hand and for sale, at lowest prices,

OIL, GLASS, PUTTY & PAINTERS' TOOLS;

ALSO, LOOKING GLASSES, STAINED & ENGRAVED WINDOW GLASS, LOOKING GLASS & PICTURE FRAMES, GILT AND ROSEWOOD MOULDINGS,

CARVED & ORNAMENTAL GILT FRAMES.

☞ All Orders left at A. Roush's Drug Store, Altoona, will receive prompt attention.

Shop on Montgomery street, Hollidaysburg, Pa.

April 5, 1860.-tf.

CANCER INSTITUTE.

After many years of successful practice, DR. KELLING still desires to do good to the afflicted. He continues to cure all kinds of

CANCERS, TUMORS, WENS, SCROFULA, or KINGS EVIL, SORES, &C.,

if curable, without cutting or poison. He does not confine himself merely to the cure of the above diseases, but will treat all others with success. Patients will be visited, if desired, a reasonable distance. Persons desiring to visit Dr. K. will please stop at the Railroad Hotel in Mechanicsburg, where they will be directed to his residence. For all particulars, write—state diseases plainly. Enclose a post-age stamp to prepay answer. Address Dr. C. L. KELLING, Mechanicsburg, Cumberland Co., Pa.

Sept. 13, 1860-6m

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers at Private Sale the HOUSE and LOT now occupied by her, on the corner of Adaline and Julia streets, East Altoona. The House is a good Two-Story Frame Building, containing a Hall, Parlor, Dining-Room and Kitchen on the first floor, four good sleeping rooms on the second floor, & a finished Attic. The lot is in good order.

Persons wishing to view the premises and obtain further information will call upon the subscriber.

MARGT. M. McCRUM.

Altoona, Aug. 11th, 1859-tf.

ASTHMA.

For the INSTANT RELIEF and PERMANENT CURE of this distressing complaint use

FENDT'S

BRONCHIAL CIGARETTES,

Made by C. B. SEYMOUR & CO., 107 Nassau St., N. Y.

Price, $1 per box; sent free by post.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

March 29, 1860.-3m.

CAUTION.—ALL PERSONS ARE hereby notified not to purchase or sell any lager beer kegs with the stamp of the ALTOONA BREWERY thereon, as such kegs never have been and never will be sold from the Brewery. All kegs containing said stamp will be claimed and taken, wherever found, by the proprietors of the Brewery to whom they belong.

July 28th 1859-tf. WILHELM & BRO.

FLOUR.—THE BEST QUALITY OF FAMILY FLOUR for sale, Wholesale and Retail.—Apply to J. SHOEMAKER, Masonic Temple.

Dec. 11, 1856-tf.

A Through Ticket to California!

S. C. COLBERT & CO'S

FIFTH GRAND QUARTERLY DISTRIBUTION OF 100,000 ARTICLES, WORTH $300,000.

Which will be sold for $100,000, to the purchasers of our GOLDEN PEN, at 50 CTS. PER BOX.

Our Golden Pen is the best ever used, and is warranted not to scrode in any ink. Every business man should use the Golden Pen.

The following list of 100,000 articles will be distributed among our patrons at $1.00 each, and need not be paid for until we inform the purchaser which of the following articles we will sell him for $1,00 and then it is optional whether he sends the dollar and takes the goods or not. All goods can be returned at our expense within ten days after the purchaser receives them (unless they are satisfactory,) and the money will be refunded.

LIST OF GOODS INCLUDED IN THE DISTRIBUTION.

Pianos, Cameo Ear-Drops,
Gold Hunting cased Watches, Mosaic and Jet Ear-Drops,
Gold Watches, Lava & Florentine Ear-Drops,
Ladies' Silver Watches, Coral Ear-Drops,
Guard, Vest and Chatelain Chains,
Cameo Brooches, Coral, Emerald, and Opal Brooches,
Mosaic and Jet Brooches, Emerald and Opal Ear-Drops,
Lava & Florentine Brooches, Handsome Sea" Rings,
Gents Breastpins, Watch Keys, Fob and Ribbon Slides, Sets of Bosom Studs, Sleeve Buttons, Plain Rings, Stone Set Rings, Sets Ladies' Jewelry, Canton Crape Shawls, Mousseline de Laines, Challies, French and American Lawns, Berages, Poplins, French Calicoes, and other Ladies' Dress Goods in great variety, together with Head Dresses, Cabas, Fancy Fans, and in fact almost every description of goods usually found in first class dry goods stores.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION.

HIGHEST PREMIUM $100, LOWEST PREMIUM $2.

The articles are numbered, and Certificates stating what we will sell each person for $1.00 are placed in sealed envelopes, with a decimal arrangement of premiums; so that in each hundred certificates there is one for a Gold Watch, and there will also be a splendid premium in each ten certificates.

Ladies, if you desire a fine shawl, or dress pattern, or a beautiful article of jewelry, enclose us 30 cents for a box of the Golden Pens, and we will send you a certificate which may enable you to procure it for $1.

On receipt of 30 cents we will send you a box of our Golden Pens, and a sealed notice of the article which we will sell for $1.

TRY US.

PRICES TO AGENTS, POST PAID.

4 Boxes Pens with 4 Certificates, $1
9 do do 9 do 2
25 do do 25 do 5
100 do do 100 do 18

N. B.—With each package of 100 boxes we present the purchaser 100 certificates, one of which is guaranteed to contain one order for a FINE WATCH, or sewing machine, or by ordering 50 boxes in one package you are sure to receive 50 certificates containing one order for a splendid SILVER WATCH, beside a large number of very valuable premiums. A certificate will be sent gratis, upon application of any person desiring to act as agent, which may enable him to procure a valuable premium upon the payment of $1.

PIANOS, MELODEONS, MUSIC, BOOKS, SEWING MCHINES, &C.,

Bought and sold on commission. Any article will be sent to the country at the lowest wholesale prices with the addition of 5 per cent commission for forwarding.

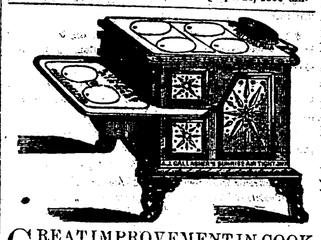
N. B.—Agents wanted in every town. Circulars sent on application.

Address all communications to S. C. COLBERT & CO., *Commission Merchants & General Agents,*

138 South Fourth street, below Chestnut, Philia.

☞ For our integrity and ability to fulfil our engagements, we beg to refer you to the following well known gentlemen and business firms:—

His Excellency, J. W. Geary, (Ex-Gov. of Kansas) Westmoreland, Pa.; Palmer, Richardson & Co., Jewelers, Philia.; E. A. Warne, Esq., Jeweler, Philia.; Wm. A. Gray, Esq., Jeweler, Philia.; Remmerer & Moore, Wet street below Arch; Pratt & Reath, Fifth and Market sts.; J. C. Fuller, Jeweler, Philia; A. F. Ward, Publisher of Fashions, &c., Philia.; M. H. Horne, Catasauqua Bank; Hon. L. M. Burson, Eureka, California. [Sept. 13, 1860-3m.



GREAT IMPROVEMENT IN COOKING STOVES.

CONSUMPTION OF SMOKE AND GAS AND SAVING OF FUEL.

The subscriber takes pleasure in offering to the public NEW GAS AND SMOKE CONSUMING Cooking Stove, recently patented, which is destined to supercede all others, as it requires

ONE-THIRD LESS FUEL

than other stoves and is more easily, quickly and regularly heated. No unpleasant smell of gas or fumes from this stove from the fact that it is all consumed once it can escape. There is no trouble from smoke as that unpleasant and often annoying exhalation is also consumed inside of the stove. Neither is there any danger of flues or chimneys becoming clogged with soot or the mortar loosened by the gas arising from coal fires.

Persons wishing to purchase stoves are invited to call at the store of the subscriber, in the Masonic Temple, and examine the above stoves. JOHN SHOEMAKER,

Sole Agent for Blair County.

N. B. All kinds of Air-tight, Parlor Cooking and Egg Stoves on hand. [Aug. 12, 1856.

PHILADELPHIA WATCH AND JEWELRY STORE.

O. CONRAD, FORMER OCCUPANT, No. 148 N. 2d St., corner of Quarry St.

The undersigned has leased the above premises, where he will keep a large assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, of American, English and Swiss manufacture of the most celebrated makers, in addition to which will be found always on hand (and made to order) an extensive variety of Jewelry, Silver and Silver Plated ware, together with a general assortment of such goods as are usually kept in a first-class Watch and Jewelry Store.

The patrons of O. Conrad, and those of the subscriber, together with the public generally, are invited to call, and they will receive a good article for their money, as I am determined to do a cash business, goods will be sold very low. "*Small Profits and Quick Sales*" is the motto of this Establishment. LEWIS R. BROOMALL,

Formerly O. Conrad.

No. 148 N. Second St., cor. of Quarry, Philada.

June 7, 1860.-1y.

CONSUMPTION AND ASTHMA CURED.

DR. H. JAMES,

Discovered, while in the West Indies, a certain cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and General Debility. The remedy was discovered by him when his only child, a daughter, was given up to die. His child was cured, and is now alive and well. Desirous of benefitting his fellow mortals, he will send to those who wish it, the recipe containing full directions for making and successfully using this remedy, free, on receipt of their names with stamp for return postage. When received, take it to G. W. Kessler, Druggist, Altoona. There is not a single symptom of Consumption which it does not at once take hold of and dissipate. Night sweats, pecvishness, irritation of the nerves, failure of memory, difficult expectoration, sharp pains in the lungs, sore throat, chilly sensations, nausea at the stomach, inaction of the bowels, wasting away of the muscles. Address O. P. BROWN & CO., 32 and 34 John St., New York.

March 8, 1860.-6m.*

De Forest, Armstrong & Co.,

DRY GOODS MERCHANTS,

80 & 82 Chambers St., N. Y.,

WOULD NOTIFY THE TRADE that they are opening Weekly, in new and beautiful patterns, the

WAMSUTTA PRINTS,

ALSO THE

AMOSKEAG,

A New Print, which excels every Print in the Country for perfection of execution and design in full Madder Colors. Our Prints are cheaper than any in market, and meeting with extensive sale. Orders promptly attended to.

Feb'y 2, 1860.-1y

PLANING MILL & SASH MANUFACTORY.—The subscriber would announce that he has removed his

Planing Mill and Sash Manufactory,

from Tipton to Altoona, where he will continue to fill orders and attend to all work entrusted to him, with despatch. The Mill is on the lot adjoining Allison's Steam Flouring Mill: THOS. McAULEY.

Altoona, Nov. 17, 1859.—tf

GREAT WESTERN INSURANCE AND TRUST COMPANY.—Insurance on Real or personal property will be effected on the most reasonable terms by their agents in Altoona at his office in Anna St.

March 17, 1859. JOHN SHOEMAKER, Agent.

LEVI'S PREPARATION FOR EXterminating RATS, MICE, ROACHES, ANTS, and Bed-bugs without danger in its use under any circumstances for sale at the Drug Store of

Jan. 24,'56-tf] G. W. KESSLER.

ABDOMINAL SUPPORTERS, Trusses—Braces for sale at

1-tf. KESSLER'S.

HAIR, HAT, TOOTH, SHAVING, Paint, Sash and Varnish Brushes at

KESSLER'S.

HAIR OILS, COLOGNES, POMades, Shaving Cream, Toilet Soaps, &c. for sale by

1-tf.] G. W. KESSLER.

HOSTETTER'S

STOMACH BITTERS.

The proprietors and manufacturers of HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS, can appeal with perfect confidence to physicians and citizens generally of the United States, because the article has attained a reputation heretofore unknown. A few facts upon this point will speak more powerfully than volumes of bare assertion or blustering puffery.

The consumption of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters for the last year amounted to over a half-million bottles, and from its manifest steady increase in times past, it is evident that during the coming year the consumption will reach near one million bottles. This immense amount could never have been sold but for the rare medicinal properties contained in the preparation, and the sanction of the most prominent physicians in those sections of the country where the article is best known, who not only recommend the Bitters to their patients, but are ready at all times to give testimonials to its efficacy in all cases of stomachic derangements and the diseases resulting therefrom.

This is not a temporary popularity, obtained by extraordinary efforts in the way of trumpeting the qualities of the Bitters, but a solid estimation of an invaluable medicine, which is destined to be as enduring as time itself.

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters have proved a Godsend to regions where fever and ague and various other bilious complaints have counted their victims by hundreds. To be able to state confidently that the "Bitters" are a certain cure for the Dyspepsia and like diseases, is to the proprietors a source of unalloyed pleasure. It removes all morbid matter from the stomach, purifies the blood, and imparts renewed vitality to the nervous system, giving it that tone and energy indispensable for the restoration of health. It operates upon the stomach, liver, and other digestive organs, mildly but powerfully, and soon restores them to a condition essential to the healthy discharge of the functions of nature.

Elderly persons may use the Bitters daily as per directions on the bottle, and they will find in it a stimulant peculiarly adapted to comfort declining years, as it is pleasant to the palate, invigorating to the bowels, excellent as a tonic, and rejuvenating generally. We have the evidence of thousands of aged men and women who have experienced the benefit of using this preparation while suffering from stomach derangements and general debility; acting under the advice of physicians, they have abandoned all deleterious drugs and fairly tested the merits of this article. A few words to the gentler sex. There are certain periods when their cares are so harassing that many of them sink under the trial. The relation of mother and child is so absorbingly tender, that the mother, especially if she be young, is apt to forget her own health in her extreme anxiety for her infant. Should the period of maternity arrive during the summer season, the wear of body and mind is generally aggravated. Here, then, is a necessity for a stimulant to recuperate the energies of the system, and enable the mother to bear up under her exhausting trials and responsibilities. Nursing mothers generally prefer the Bitters to all other invigorators that receive the endorsement of physicians, because it is agreeable to the taste as well as certain to give a permanent increase of bodily strength.

All those persons, to whom we have particularly referred above, to wit: sufferers from fever and ague, caused by malaria, diarrhœa, dysentery, indigestion, loss of appetite, and all diseases or derangements of the stomach, supernumerary invalids, persons of sedentary occupation, and nursing mothers, will consult their own physical welfare by giving to Hostetter's Celebrated Stomach Bitters a trial.

CAUTION.—We caution the public against using any of the many imitations or counterfeits, but ask for HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS, and see that each bottle has the words "Dr. J. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters" blown on the side of the bottle, and stamped on the metallic cap covering the cork, and observe that our autograph signature is on the label.

☞ Prepared and sold by HOSTETTER & SMITH, Pittsburgh, Pa., and sold by all druggists, grocers, and dealers generally throughout the United States, South America, and Germany.

For sale by A. ROUSH, Altoona, Pa.

Sept. 20, 1860-1y.

JACOB SNYDER, TAILOR,

The Hero of One Hundred Fits per Month!

I would respectfully set forth my claim to public attention, as a Fashionable Tailor, as follows:

Because I keep an excellent assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings and Trimmings, which, when examined, always please.

Because my work is made up in a manner that takes down the country and gives all my customers a city appearance.

Because I am not inferior as a Cutter to the best to be found anywhere.

Because long experience in my business gives me entire control over it, and I am not dependant upon any one to lift me out of the suds.

Because I am still on the sunny side of forty, and therefore my taste as a Cutter and workman unimpaired.

Call on me, in the corner room of the "Brant House."

Give me a trial and you will go away pleased.

Altoona, May 26-3m JACOB SNYDER.

BLAIR COUNTY DAGUERREAN ROOMS.—Mr. G. W. FISHER, the Hollidaysburg Artist, begs leave to inform our readers that he is prepared to take

Photographs of deceased persons,

from Daguerreotypes, at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms. He has just received a large stock of durable and neat cases, of all sizes and styles, including a new pattern of Family Case for four persons, and is prepared to fill them with perfect likenesses.

AMBROTYPE, DAGUERREOTYPE OR PHOTOGRAPH.

Give him a call. Rooms on the corner of Montgomery and Allegheny